## The Great Retail Real Estate Convergence

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## ICSC Background

ICSC serves the global retail real estate industry. We provide our 70,000+ member network in over 100 countries with invaluable resources, connections and industry insights and actively work together to shape public policy. For more information about ICSC visit www.icsc.com.

ICSC's mission is to ensure the retail real estate industry is broadly recognized for the integral role it plays in the social, civic and economic vibrancy of communities across the globe.

ICSC Research


## Discussion Roadmap



Retail Real Estate Performance
By Traditional Metrics

## Moderate Supply Growth



GLA Growth: Malls


## Construction Spending Growth



Value of Construction Put in Place: Malls


## Performance Metrics Strong

Occupancy Rate


Cap Rate


Net Operating Income


## Capital Expenditures



E-Commerce
The Prime Disruptor?

## The Internet \& E-Commerce



## Los Angeles Times

The Internet is mauling America's malls. Is your favorite retailer closing its doors?

## Forbes


The Shopping Malls Really Are Being Killed By Online Shopping

THE WALL STREETJOURNAL. business
Malls Reel as Web Roars

## Unpacking E-Commerce Sales



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Total U.S. Retail Sales: $\$ 5.0$ trillion
Source: U.S. Census Bureau: Annual Retail Trade Survey; ICSC Research

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Physical retailers generate $90.1 \%$ of all retail sales, either from in-store or online activity:
$86.3 \%+1.2 \%+2.5 \%=90.1 \%$

In-Store Sales


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\text { Omnichannel } \\
\text { E-Commerce Sales } \\
\text { (warehouse) }
\end{array}}=90.1 \%
$$



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## Unpacking E-Commerce Sales

Physical retailers generate $90.1 \%$ of all retail sales, either from in-store or online activity:

$\underbrace{86.3 \%}_{\text {In-Store Sales }}+\underbrace{1.2 \%}_{$|  Omnichannel  |
| :---: |
|  E-Commerce Sales  |
|  (store)  |$}+\underbrace{2.5 \%}_{$|  Omnichannel  |
| :---: |
|  E-Commerce Sales  |
|  (warehouse)  |$}=90.1 \%$



Source: U.S. Census Bureau: Annual Retail Trade Survey; ICSC Research

## A Consumer-Led Disruption

## Enabled by Technology

## Restocking Prime Consumers



Sources: U.S. Census Bureau; ICSC Research

## Restocking Prime Consumers

Average Annual Expenditures, 2017


In 2017, $35-54$ year-olds accounted for $41 \%$ of the annual aggregate expenditures while only accounting for $25 \%$ of the population.

## Delayed Family Formation

Percent of 18-34 Year-Olds Living At Home




Sources: U.S. Census Bureau; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; ICSC Research

## Convenience, Value and Experience

Average Hours Per Day Spent Purchasing Consumer Goods


Why does Gen Z shop in stores?

Bought Online, Picked
Up in Store (last 30 days)


## Convenience, Value and Experience



Mobile Device Use In Store:
$\rightarrow$ Compare prices (54\%)
$\rightarrow$ Get digital coupons to use in store (39\%)

> Conducted Research
> Online Before Shopping


## Convenience, Value and Experience

Most popular mall activities among Gen Z:


Dine: 76\%


Socialize: 59\%


Why does Gen Z shop in stores?


See Movies: 44\%

"Physical stores provide a better shopping experience than online."

- Gen Z



## Omni-Channel Retail: Consumer Expectations



## Omni-Channel Retail: Infinite Complexity



The Halo Effect
Convergence of Bricks \& Clicks

## Measuring the Value of Physical Retail

## Store

Value

Brand
Awareness

Showcase

```
Point of Sale
```

Fulfillment
"Halo
Effect"

Halo Effect (Part I) measures the rise in a retailer's web traffic following the opening of a store in a market - or drop in web traffic following a store closure.

Halo Effect (Part II) quantifies the incremental spending that occurs in a store in the days immediately following an online purchase, and vice versa.

## Halo I Methodology

The web traffic analysis included both established and emerging retailer brands that opened or closed a total of 804 stores in 145 U.S. markets in 2017.


The brand perception analysis, based on approximately 4,200 respondents, compared consumer survey results of a national benchmark to a select markets were retailers maintained at least one brick-and-mortar store.

## Halo I: Web Traffic Lift Following Store Opening



Established Retailers: 36\%
Emerging Retailers: 45\%

Web Traffic - Share


Established Retailers: 27\%
Emerging Retailers: 32\%

## Halo I: Web Traffic Drop Following Store Closure



The greater the proportion of stores closed in a market, the greater the decline in the share of web traffic in the markets where the retailer operates stores.


## Halo I: Stores Critical for Brand Marketing



## Halo I: Stores Critical for Brand Marketing



| National Benchmark | Tested Markets (w/ stores present) | Difference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 44\% | 48\% | +4.5 pp. |
| 56\% | 57\% | +0.6 pp. |
| 62\% | 65\% | +2.3 pp. |
| 43\% | 44\% | +0.7 pp. |
| 8 | 12 | +3.8 |



Results for emerging brands were even more robust particularly for Consideration, Identification and NPS.

## Halo II Methodology

Analysis covers:
$\rightarrow 42$ retailers spanning 7 categories
$\rightarrow \$ 31.2$ billion in total transactions
$\rightarrow 41.2$ million credit/debit card records

$\rightarrow$ 3-year period (2016-2018)

Core results were reported for a 15-day period:

- There are 10.5 million "online to in-store" halo events (online transactions: returns and purchases) that triggered 21.9 million in-store transactions.
- There are 13.1 million "in-store to online" halo events (in-store transactions: returns and purchases) that triggered 17.7 million online transactions.


## Halo II Sample Set

Sample Set Spending by Channel by Retail Type

|  | 2016-2018 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Total | $91 \%$ |
|  | $9 \%$ |
| Home | $85 \%$ |
|  | $15 \%$ |
| Large Format | $86 \%$ |
|  | $14 \%$ |
| Discount Department Store | $96 \%$ |
|  | $4 \%$ |
| Apparel | $79 \%$ |
|  | $21 \%$ |
| Cosmetics | $83 \%$ |
|  | $17 \%$ |
| Department Stores | $72 \%$ |
|  | $28 \%$ |
| Emerging | $59 \%$ |

$\bigcirc$ For the retailers and consumers included in this sample, between 2016 and 2018, approximately $91 \%$ of total spending (\$28.3B) occurred in a store.

O Discount Department Stores had the highest share of in-store spending at 96\% (\$18.4B) for the total three-year period.

O Emerging retailers had the lowest share of in-store spending at around $60 \%$.

## Halo II Sample Set Cont.

| Omnichannel Spending as a \% of Total Spending |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2016-2018 |  |  |  |
| Total | 34\% | $\bigcirc$ | For this sample, omnichannel consumers account for $34 \%$ of total spending but only $17 \%$ of customers over the three-year period. That is, they spend proportionally more than single-channel shoppers. |
| Home | 29\% |  |  |
| Large Format | 22\% |  |  |
| Discount Department Stores | 39\% |  |  |
| Apparel | 28\% |  |  |
| Cosmetics | 25\% |  |  |
| Department Stores | 30\% |  |  |
| Emerging | 19\% |  |  |
| Omnichannel Customers as a \% of Total Customers |  |  |  |
| 2016-2018 |  |  |  |
| Total | 17\% | $\bigcirc$ | Disparity has been growing: |
| Home | 12\% |  |  |
| Large Format | 10\% |  | O 15 pp differential in 2016 |
| Discount Department Stores | 29\% |  | 20 pp differential in 2018 |
| Apparel | 17\% |  | 20 pp differential in 2018 |
| Cosmetics | 11\% |  |  |
| Department Stores | 17\% |  |  |
| Emerging | 9\% |  |  |

## Online to In-Store: 15-Day Halo Effects

## By Retail Categories

## Online to In-Store Halo Effect: 15-Days

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 2 0 1 8}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 3 1 \%}$ |
| Home | $175 \%$ |
| Large Format | $156 \%$ |
| Discount Department Stores | $325 \%$ |
| Apparel | $164 \%$ |
| Cosmetics | $162 \%$ |
| Department Stores | $55 \%$ |
| Emerging | $333 \%$ |

The 15-day halo effect, as measured by total spending as a percent of original online spending, varies considerably across retail categories.
$\bigcirc$ Discount Department Stores and Emerging retailers have higher values as a result of large amounts of in-store spending following the initial online transaction.

- Department Stores have a low value as a result of high value of in-store returns that follow the initial online transaction.


## Online to In-Store: 15-Day Halo Transactions per Event By Retail Categories

| Online to In-Store: Ratio of "Halo Transactions" to "Halo Events" |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Total | 2016-2018 |
| Home | 2.1 |
| Large Format | 1.8 |
| Discount Department Stores | 1.4 |
| Apparel | 2.4 |
| Cosmetics | 1.3 |
| Department Stores | 1.2 |
| Emerging | 1.4 |

O As noted on previously, consumers typically make 2.1 in-store transactions within 15 days of an online transaction.
$\bigcirc$ This ratio is higher for Discount Department Stores that incentivize a larger number of instore visits - perhaps driven by the available grocery component of some of these retailers.

## In-Store to Online: 15-Day Halo Effects

## By Retail Categories

## In-Store to Online Halo Effect: 15-Days

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 2 0 1 8}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 6 7 \%}$ |
| Home | $355 \%$ |
| Large Format | $272 \%$ |
| Discount Department Stores | $239 \%$ |
| Apparel | $195 \%$ |
| Cosmetics | $259 \%$ |
| Department Stores | $702 \%$ |
| Emerging | $138 \%$ |

O The 15-day halo effect, as measured by total spending as a percent of original online spending, varies considerably across retail categories.

O Department Stores have the highest values as a result of the considerable online spending that occurs following the initial in-store transaction.
$\bigcirc$ Emerging retailers have the lowest values as a result of the lower online spending following an initial in-store transaction.

## In-Store to Online: 15-Day Halo Transactions per Event

## By Retail Categories

| In-Store to Online: Ratio of "Halo Transactions" to "Halo Events" |  |
| :--- | ---: |
|  | 2016-2018 |
| Total | 1.3 |
| Home | 1.2 |
| Large Format | 1.3 |
| Discount Department Stores | 1.3 |
| Apparel | 1.4 |
| Cosmetics | 1.3 |
| Department Stores | 1.6 |
| Emerging | 1.4 |

O As noted on previously, consumers typically make 1.3 online transactions within 15 days of an in-store transaction.

O This ratio is higher for Department Stores that incentivize customers to go online to find items possibly not offered in the store during their last transaction. These consumers may also be willing to make additional online transactions given the convenience of returns should that eventually be necessary.

Convergence of Bricks and Clicks

## Walmart

## amazon

## نet

## amazon books

amazongo
Moosejăw

BONOBOS

Flipkart
f

## The Prime Disruptor?

CemThe Motley Fool

## Everything You Know About the Internet Killing Retail May Be Wrong

## Forbes

Five Signs That Stores (Not E-Commerce) Are The Future Of Retail

Online shopping hasn't killed brick-and-mortar retailers

## Retail Real Estate 2.0

Convergence of Tenants \& Uses

## From Shopping Center to Community Center

## Delivering an "experience" not "stuff".

New "Retail" Tenants
$\checkmark$ Entertainment
$\checkmark$ Food \& Beverage
$\checkmark$ Health \& Wellness
$\checkmark$ Other Concepts
$\checkmark$ Mixed-Use


## Consumption Shifts by Age Cohort

U.S. Consumer Expenditures by Category: 2017-2027


Source: Euromonitor International; ICSC Research

## Non-Retail, Non-Restaurant Share of GLA

5-Year Growth in Non-Traditional Shopping Center Tenants: 2014-2019


## Entertainment

Arts, Entertainment \& Recreation Share of GLA


## (Bespoke) Food \& Beverage

## Accommodation \& Food Service Share of GLA




## Health \& Wellness

Health Care \& Social Assistance Share of GLA


Source: CoStar Group; ICSC Research

## Diversification of Uses at Retail Real Estate Properties

## Share of Shopping Center GLA Leased by Tenant Type



$$
\text { 2017-Q3 } 2018
$$



- General Retail \& Apparel
- Health \& Fitness
- Discounter
- Restaurants \& Bars
- Other

Fitness \& Sporting Goods: $\quad+6.6 \%$
Discounters:

Apparel:
-4.0\%
-3.5\%

## Diversification of Uses at Retail Real Estate Properties

Growth in Leased GLA at Open Air Centers by Tenant Type: 2007 vs. 2018


## Diversification of Uses at Retail Real Estate Properties

Share of Tenants by Industry Replacing Vacated Anchor Space


- General Retail \& Apparel
- Home Furnishing
- Grocery
- Health \& Fitness
- Movies \& Entertainment
- Discounter
- Service
- Other
- Restaurant


## Mixed-Use



## Diversification of CRE Development at Retail Real Estate Sites



## Diversification of CRE Development at Retail Real Estate Sites

CRE Density On Site Of Retail-Led Mixed-Use Centers


## From Shopping Centers to Consumer Engagement Spaces



## Next Generation Performance Metrics Needed



## The Great Retail Real Estate Convergence



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