

DYNAMIC MODELING AND BORDER EFFECTS

Regional Economic Models, Inc.

REMI Presenters



Scott Nystrom, M.A.

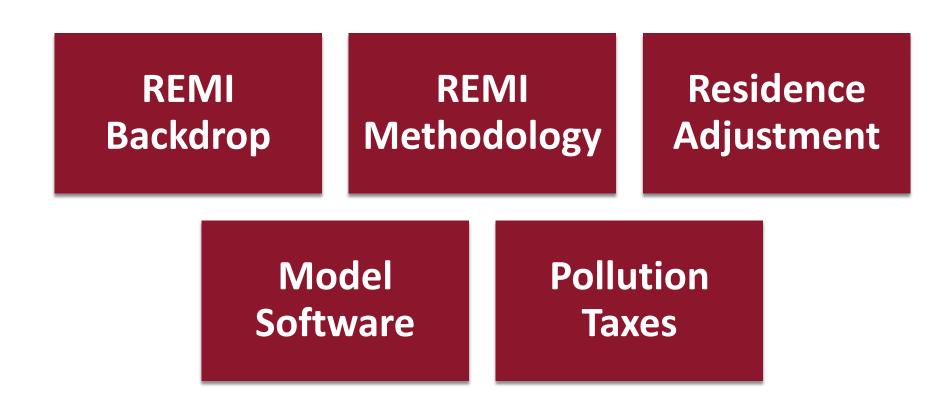
- Senior Economic Associate
 - (202) 713-1397
 - <<u>scott.nystrom@remi.com</u>>

Chris Brown

- Managing Economic Associate
 - (413) 559-1907
 - <<u>chris@remi.com</u>>

Session Agenda





About Us



Research and Data

- Services related to regional modeling, forecasting, and economic impacts
- Began as an offshoot of the University of Massachusetts-Amherst in the 1970s and 1980s and still is an ongoing research project

Customized Software

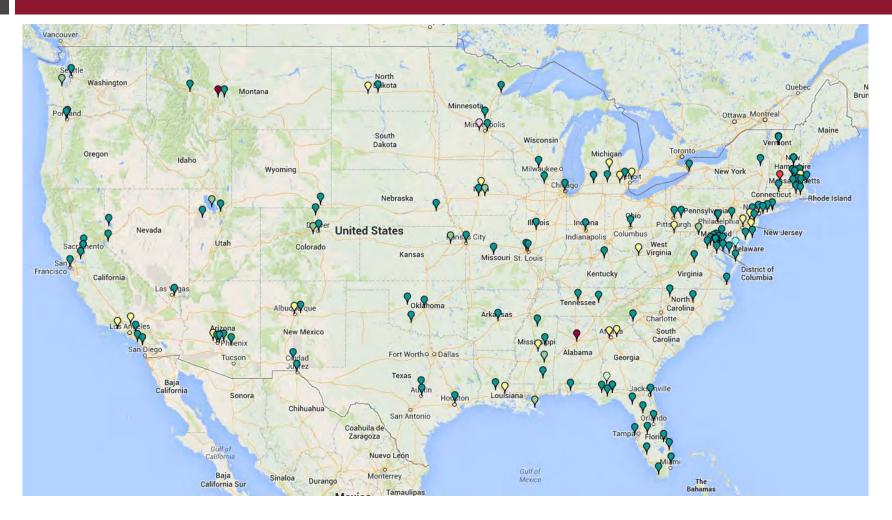
- Full service, "off-the-shelf," Windows-based software and websites for economic and demographic research at the regional-level
- Model regions and capabilities customized to the users' specific requirements

Services and Support

- Unlimited training and technical support for all software and website users from a dedicated team of economists and software technicians
- Issue-oriented policy research, consulting reports, and expert testimony

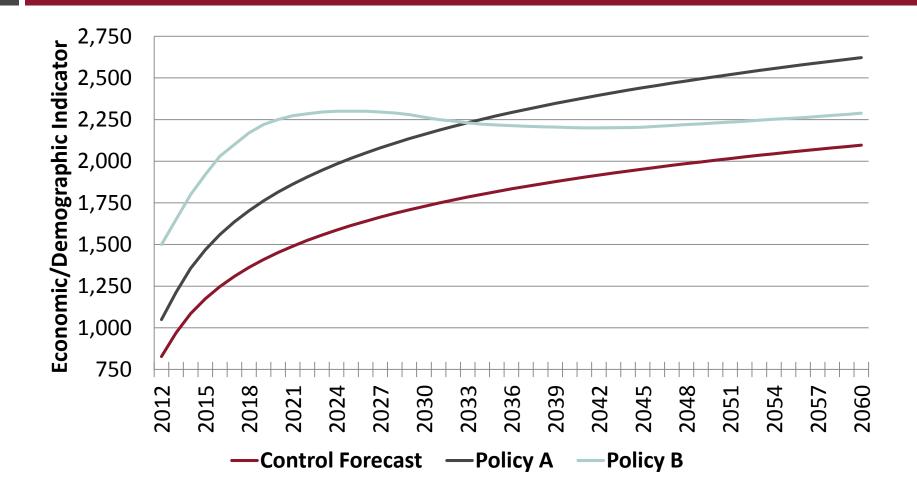
Client Base





Analytical Framework





Regional Customizations



- How REMI defines model regions:
 - A county (or equivalent statistical unit) or...
 - A collection of counties
 - e.g. an MSA or a state
 - Can cross state borders
 - Multiple regions
 - No requirement for contiguousness
 - Customized by needs



Four Methodologies





Input-Output (IO) Tabulation

- Industry-to-industry transactions and social accounting matrices (SAM)
- Supply-chains, regional purchase concepts (RPCs), and multipliers



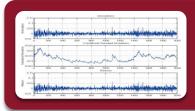
Computable General Equilibrium (CGE)

- Long-term effects after markets "clear" back to a new equilibrium
- Dynamic adjustments to population, market shares, fuel mixtures, etc.



New Economic Geography

- Endogenous productivity adjustments from industry/labor clustering
- Full trade-flows by industry and interregional competitiveness

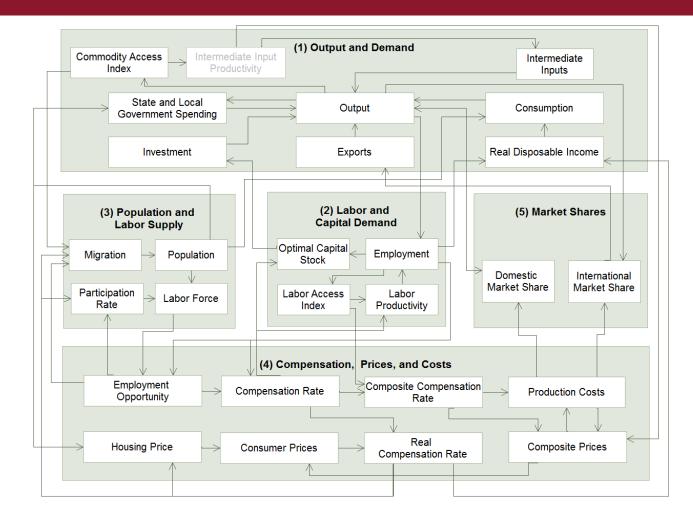


Econometrics

- Estimation of statistical parameters from observable data
- Strength of responses, elasticities, preferences, and "time-lags"

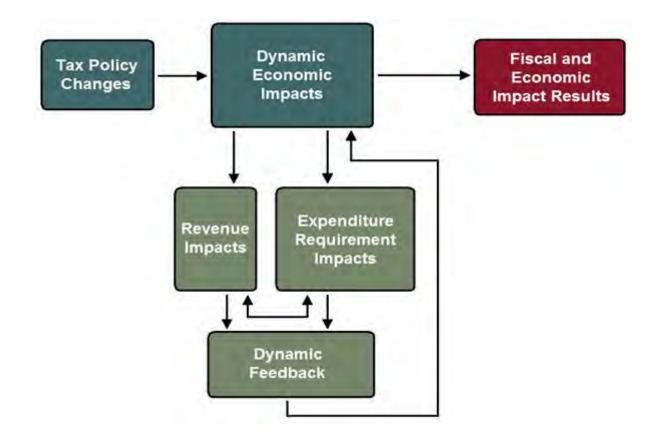
Model Structure





Dynamic Scoring

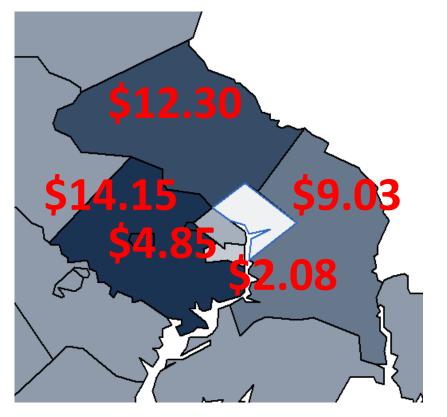




Washington, DC







Motivating Factors



- Previous methodology uses the Journey-to-Work (JTW) data on commuting from the U.S. Census
 - Historical with periodic updates
 - Relied on "fixed-shares"—no internal adjustments to changing consumer prices or transportation costs
 - Tended to overestimate "downtown" growth and underestimate aggregate housing supply
- New methodology makes commuting shares adjust endogenously to economic conditions
 - More accurate reflection of location decisions
 - Allows for novel simulations on transportation and taxes

Commuting Equation



$$rs_t^{k,l} = \frac{LF_t^{l} * (P_t^l)^{(1-\sigma)} * (D^{k,l})^{-\beta}}{\sum_{k\neq l}^n LF_t^j * (P_t^j)^{(1-\sigma)} * (D^{j,k})^{-\beta}}$$
(4)

 $rs_t^{k,l}$ = the share of commuters who live in region *l* and work in region *k* in time period *t*. LF_t^l = labor force in region *l* in time period *t*.

 P_t^{l} = the consumer price index including housing price in region l in time period t.

 $D^{k,l}$ the commute distance from region *l* to region *k*.

 σ = Sigma value, the estimated parameter for consumer price.

 β = Beta value, the estimated parameter for distance decay.

Commuter Volumes



$$C_t^{l,k} = CI_t^{k,l} * \frac{(EMPT_t^k - EMP_t^{nFM,k})}{(COMPT_t^k - COMP_t^{nFM,k} - TWPER_t^k - EGSI_t^k)}$$
(7)

Where

 $C_t^{l,k}$ = the commuters who live in region *l* and work in region *k* in time period *t*. $EMPT_t^k$ = total number of jobs in region *k* in time period *t*. $EMP_t^{nFM,k}$ = number of military jobs in region *k* in time period *t*.

MA Carbon Tax



- Linking two models
- Three scenarios
 - \$5/ton initial rate
 - Increased \$10/year
 - Peaks at either:
 - \$15/ton, \$30/ton, or \$45/ton
- How does this impact the economy and emissions?

REMI PI⁺ Model

- Regional economic impacts
- Jobs, GDP, cost of living
- Broad applications

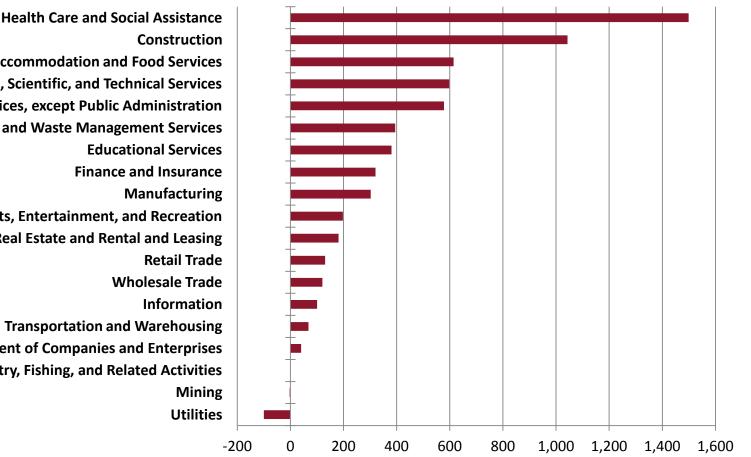
CTAM Model

- Projected tax revenues
- Changes in energy prices
- Specific application



Employment by Industry

(average year under \$30/ton carbon tax)

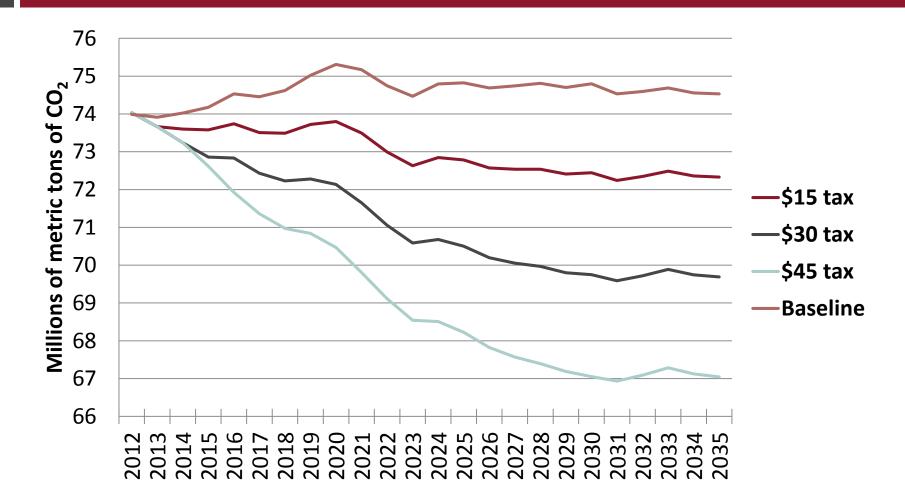


Accommodation and Food Services **Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services Other Services, except Public Administration** Administrative and Waste Management Services **Educational Services Finance and Insurance** Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation **Real Estate and Rental and Leasing** Wholesale Trade **Transportation and Warehousing Management of Companies and Enterprises** Forestry, Fishing, and Related Activities

what does **REMI** say?sm

Carbon Emissions





what does **REMI** say?sm



Regional Economic Models, Inc.

1776 I St. NW Suite 750 Washington, DC 20006 (202) 716-1397