

The Automotive Industry, 2008, 2009 and looking forward

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**Take a Deep Breath . . .
Happy, Happy . . .**

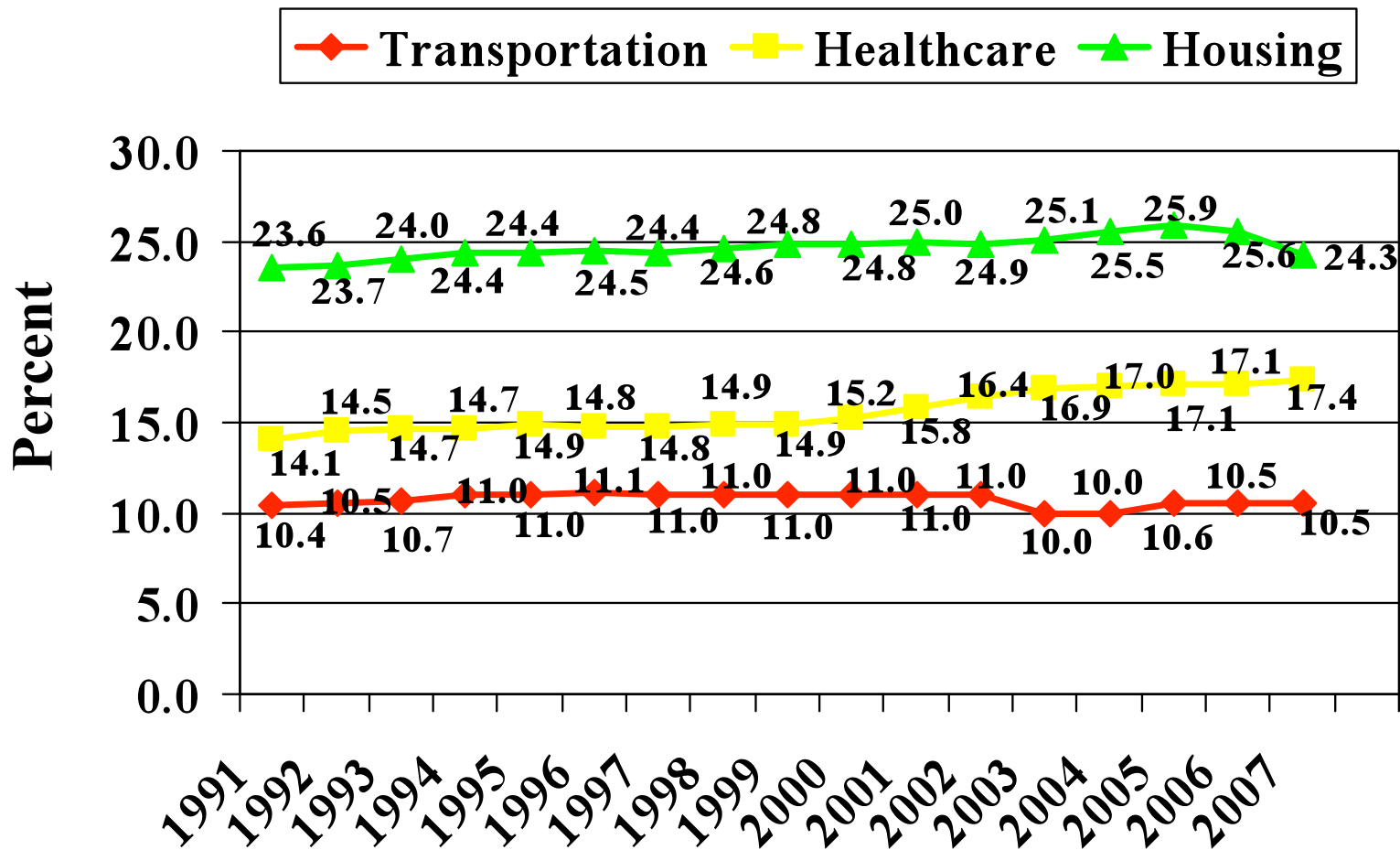


The Future



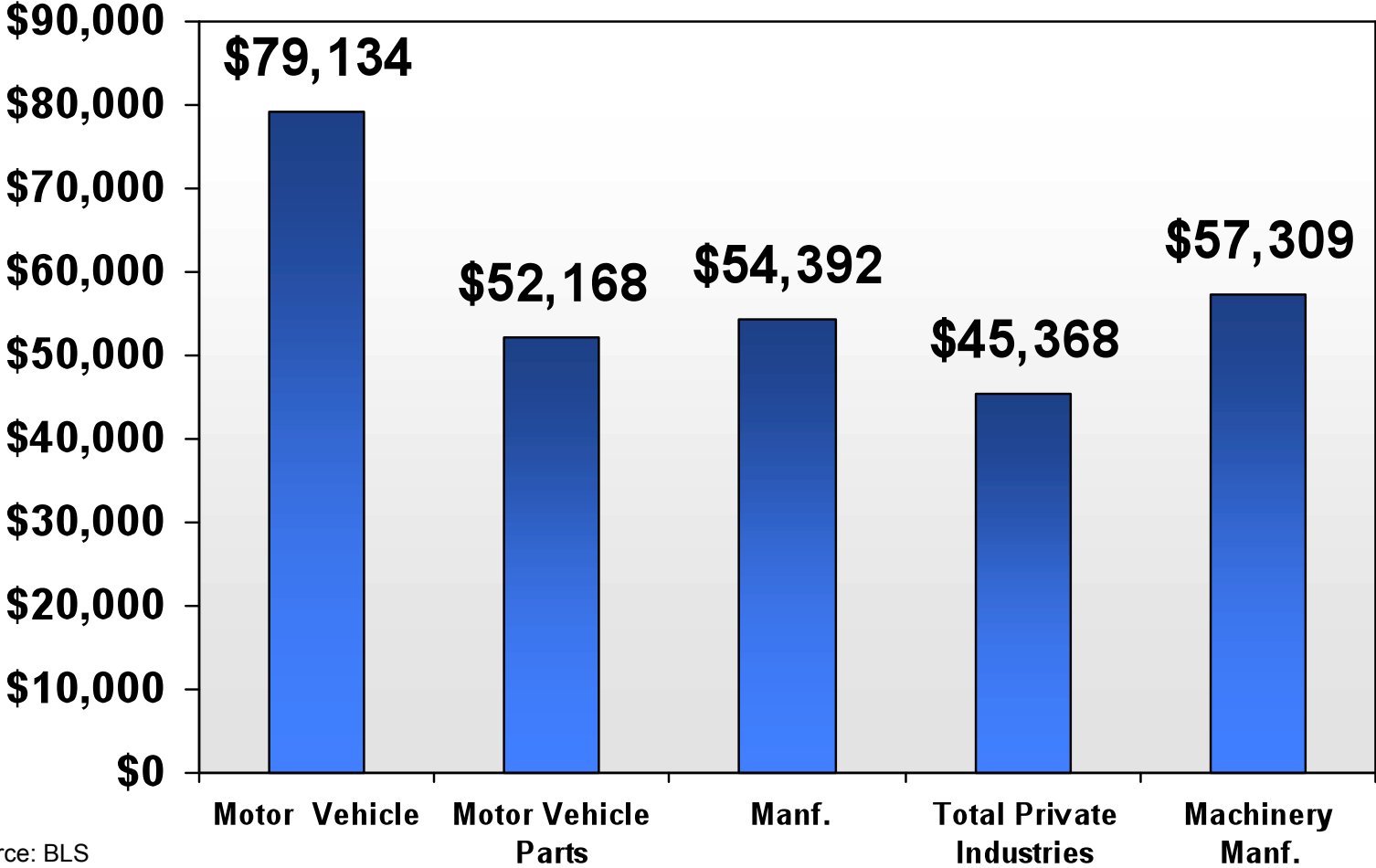
Is Manufacturing Relevant?

GDP by Major Social Function: 1991-2007



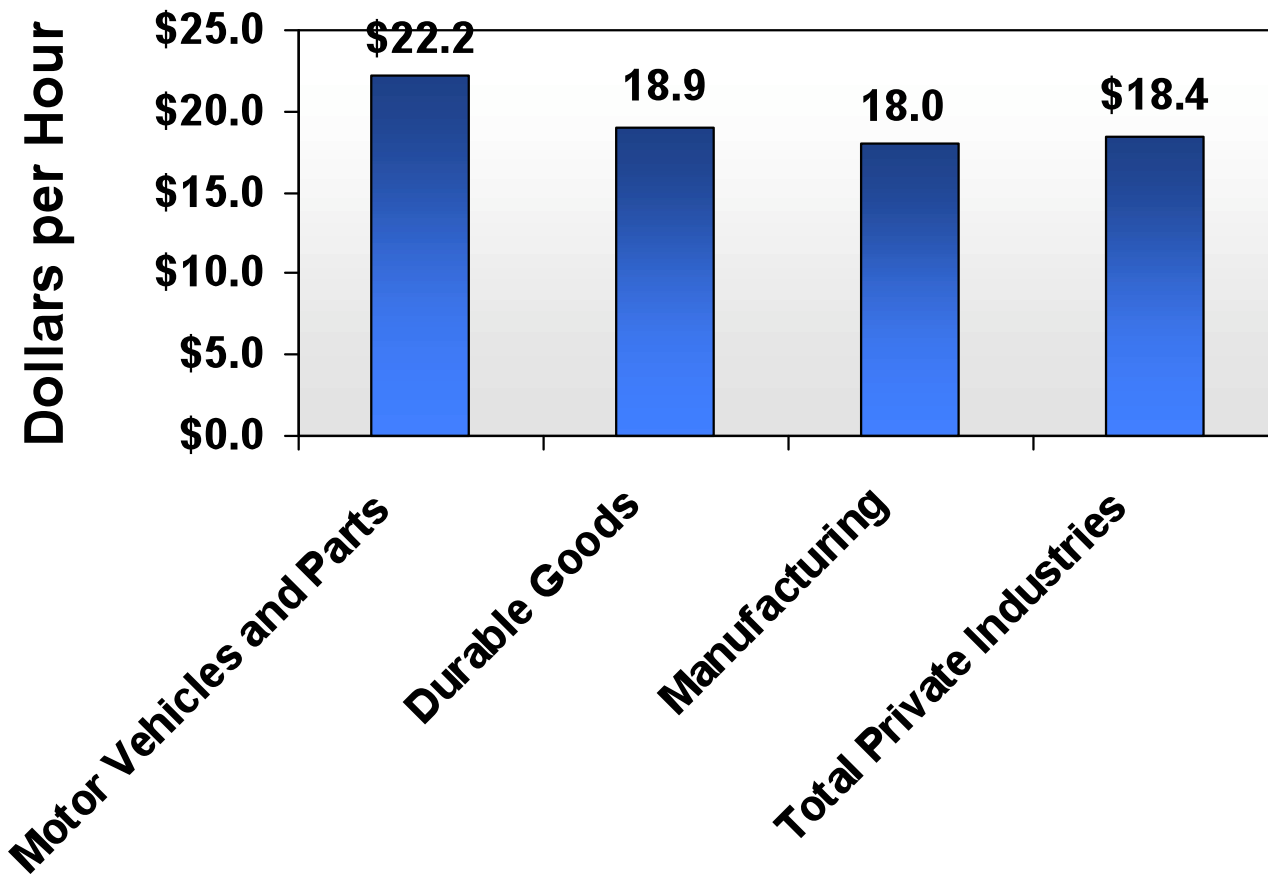
Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics

2008 Average Annual Pay for U.S. Industrial Sectors



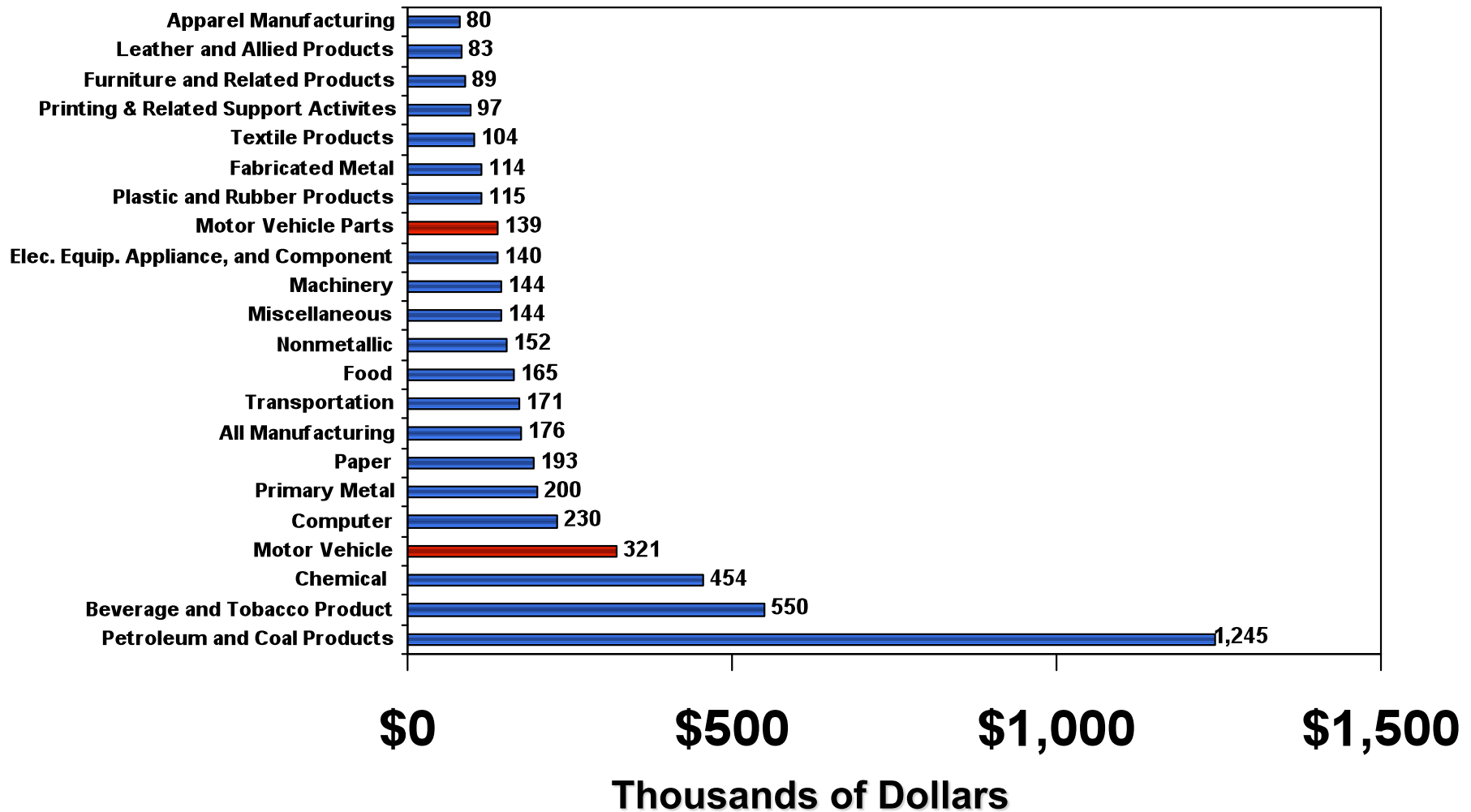
Source: BLS

2008 Average Hourly Earnings Per Production Worker for U.S. Industrial Sectors



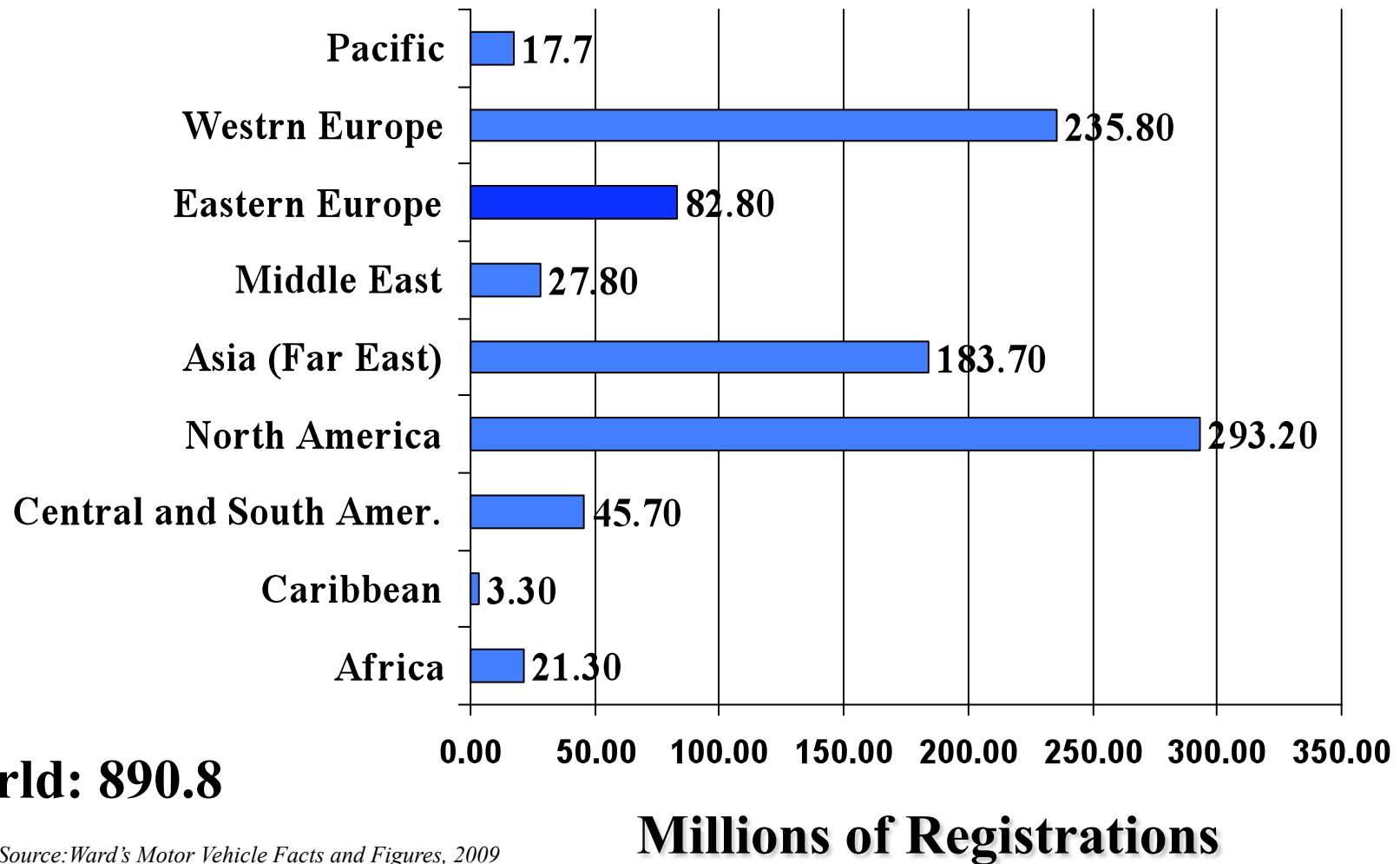
Source: BLS

2006 Value Added Per Employee



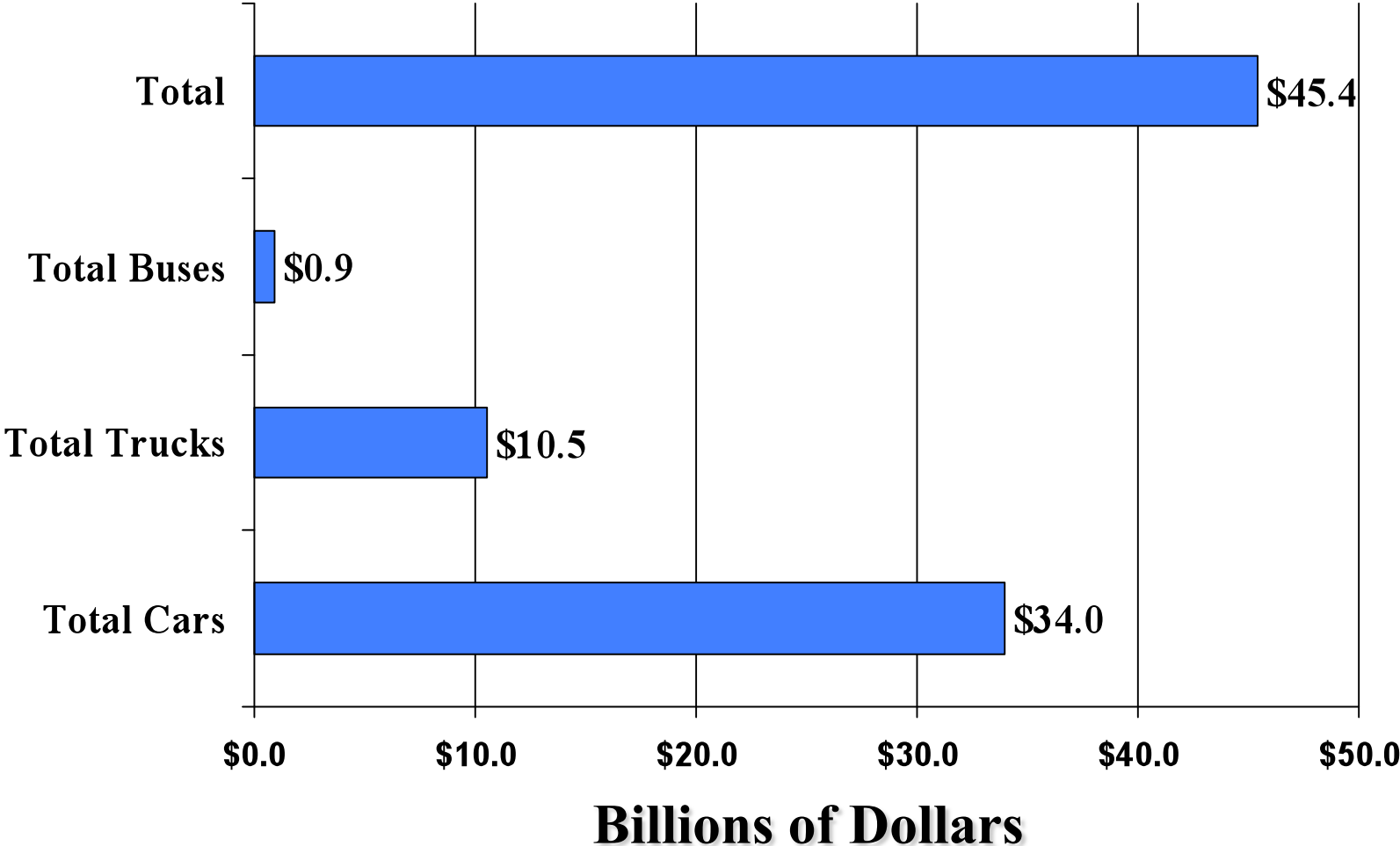
Source: 2006 Annual survey of Manufacturers; US Census Bureau

Total Vehicle Registrations by Region: 2007 in Millions



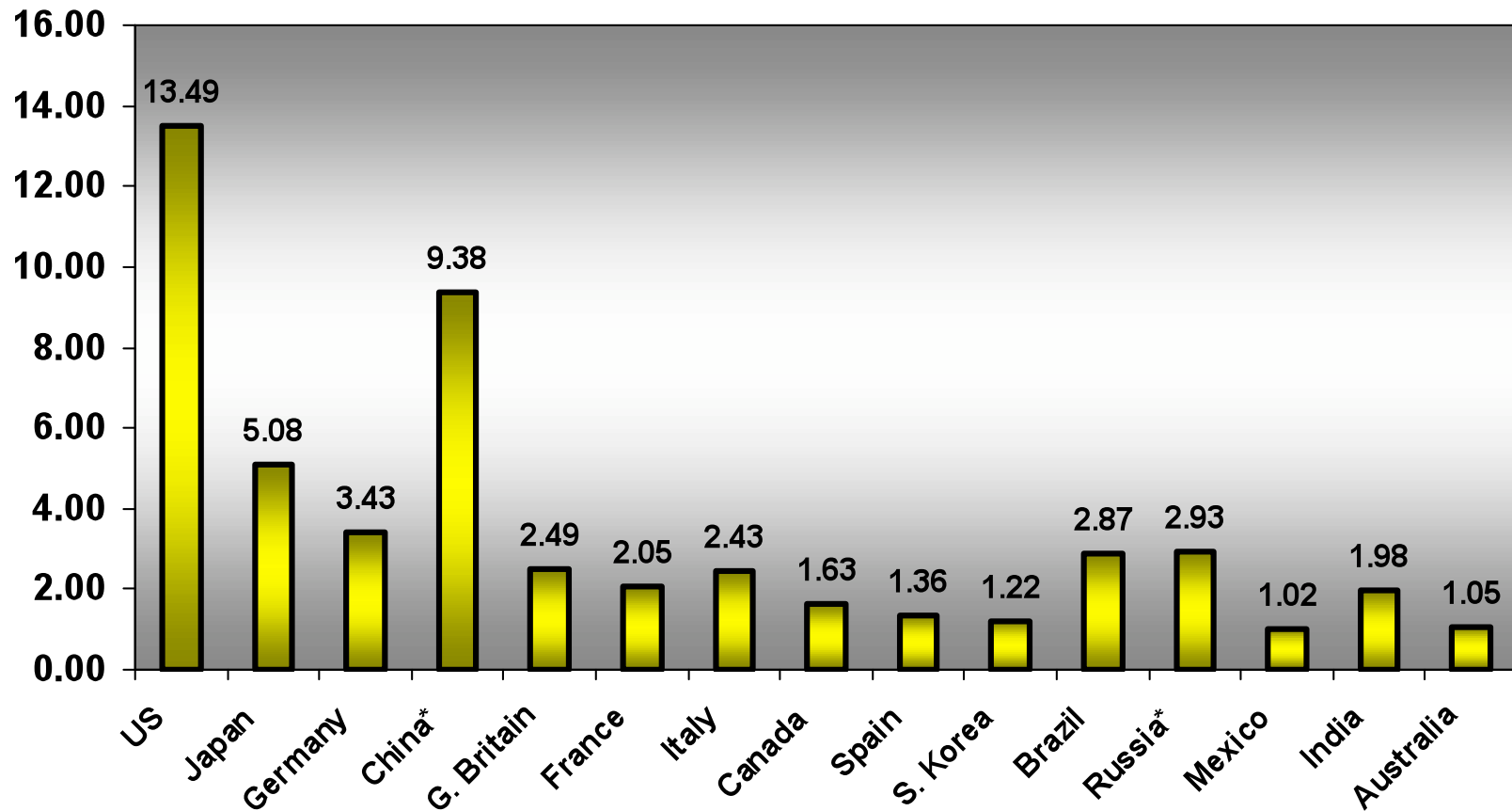
Source: Ward's Motor Vehicle Facts and Figures, 2009

2007 Total U.S. Vehicle Exports: In Billions of Dollars



Source: Ward's Motor Vehicle Facts and Figures, 2009

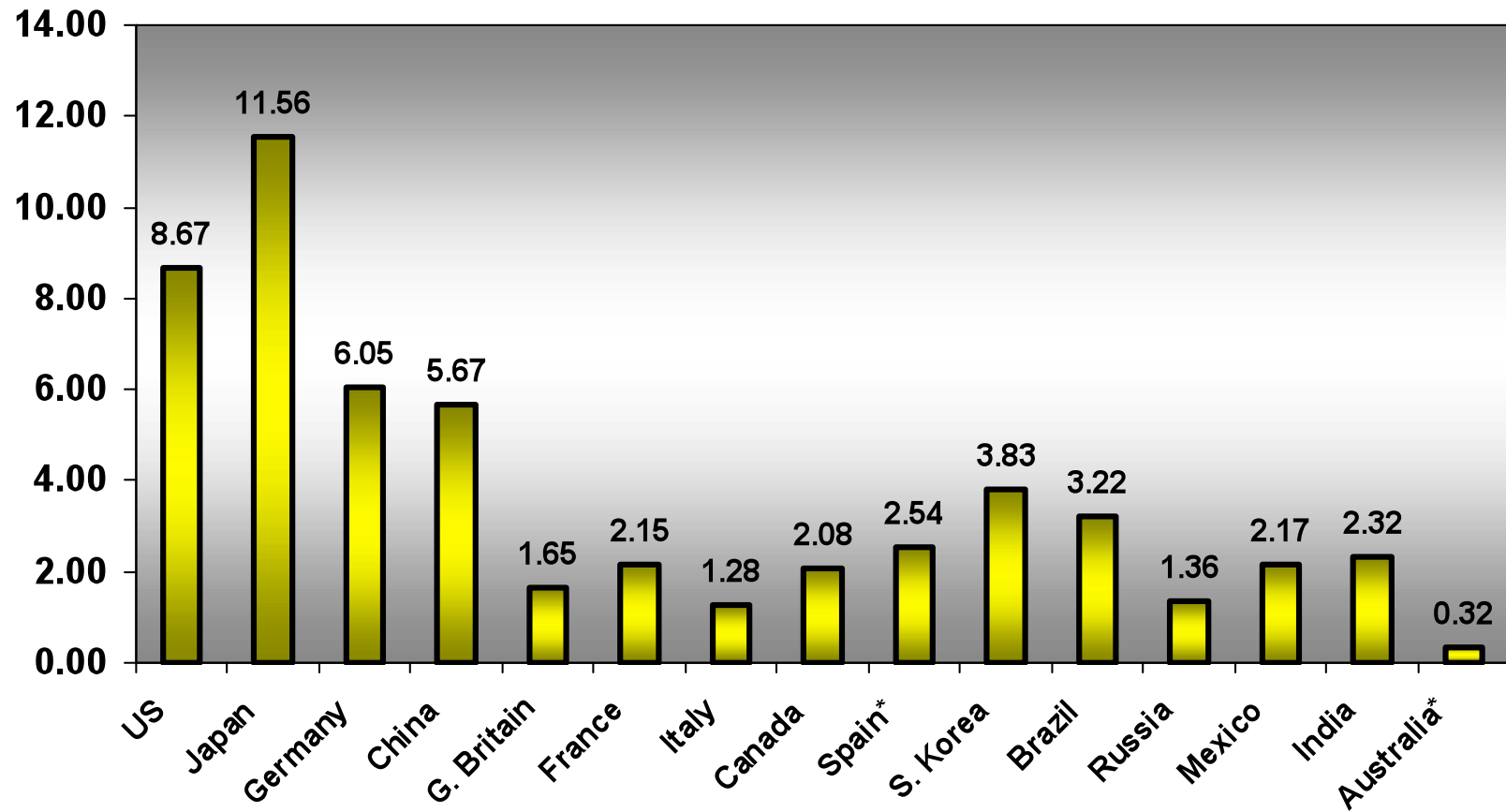
2008 Vehicle Sales in Major Countries: In Millions



Source: Ward's Automotive Yearbook, 2009

*Source: Marklines

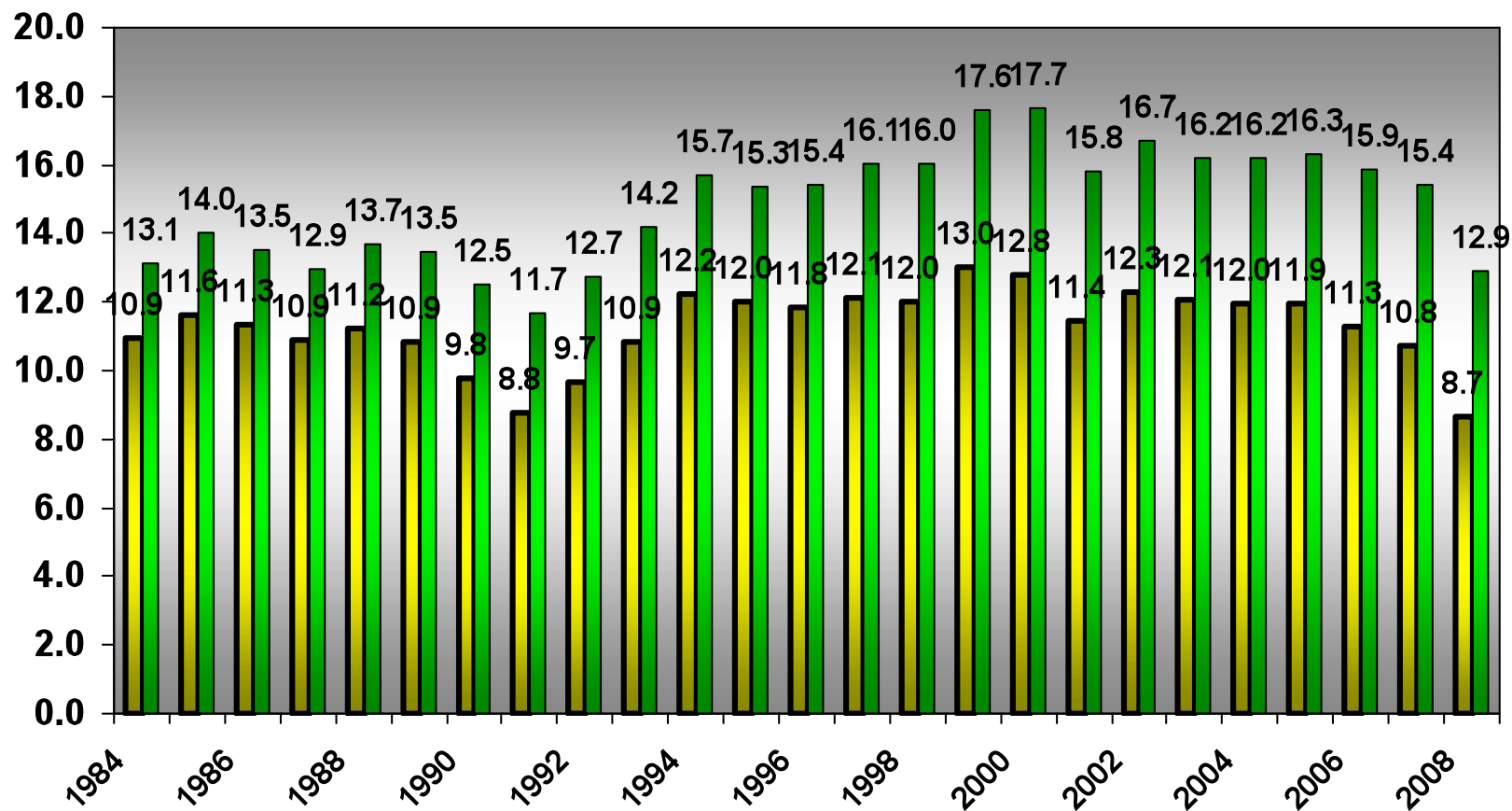
2008 Vehicle Production in Major Countries: In Millions



Source: Ward's Automotive Yearbook, 2009

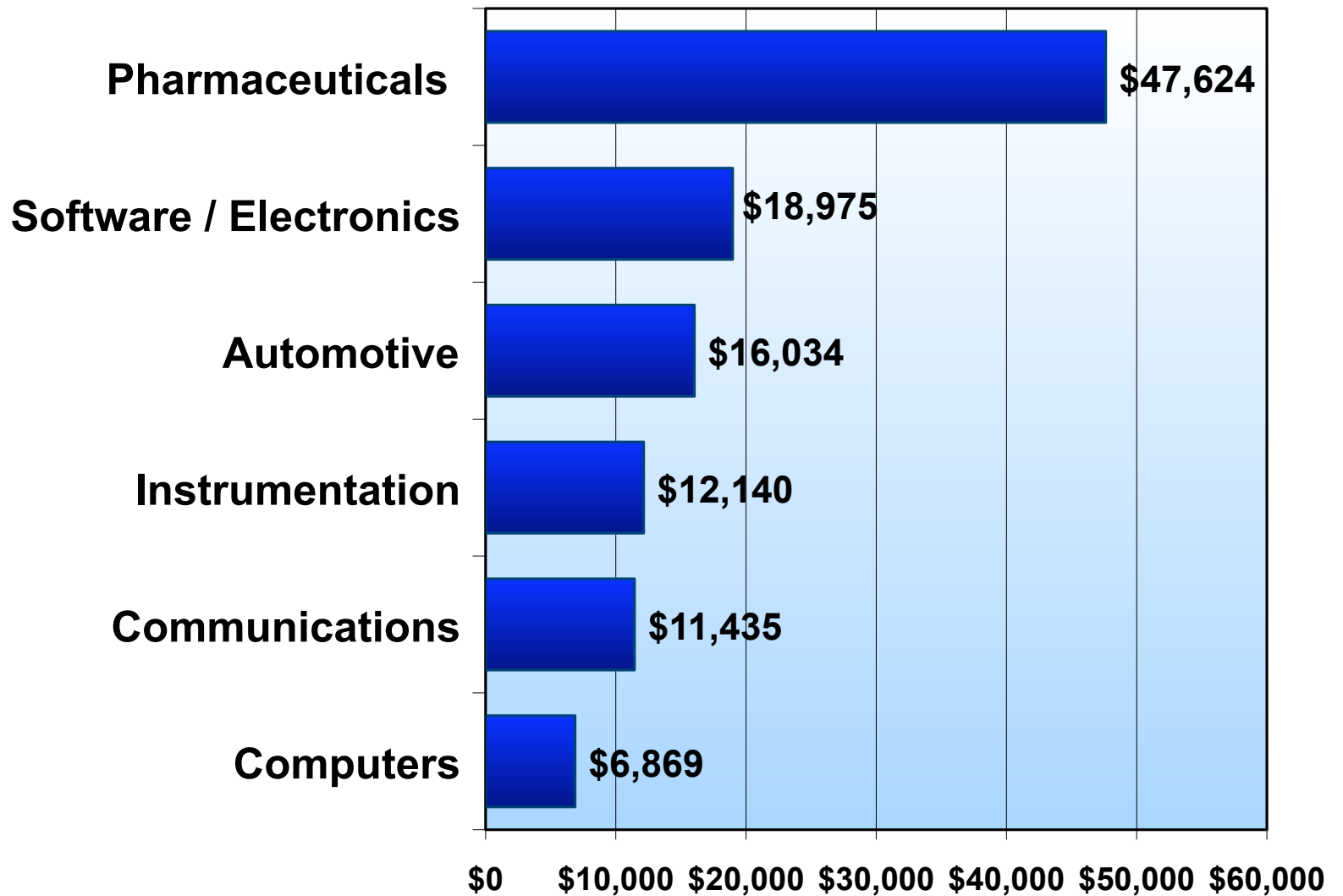
*Source: Marklines

Total N.A. and U.S. Motor Vehicle Production: 1984-2008



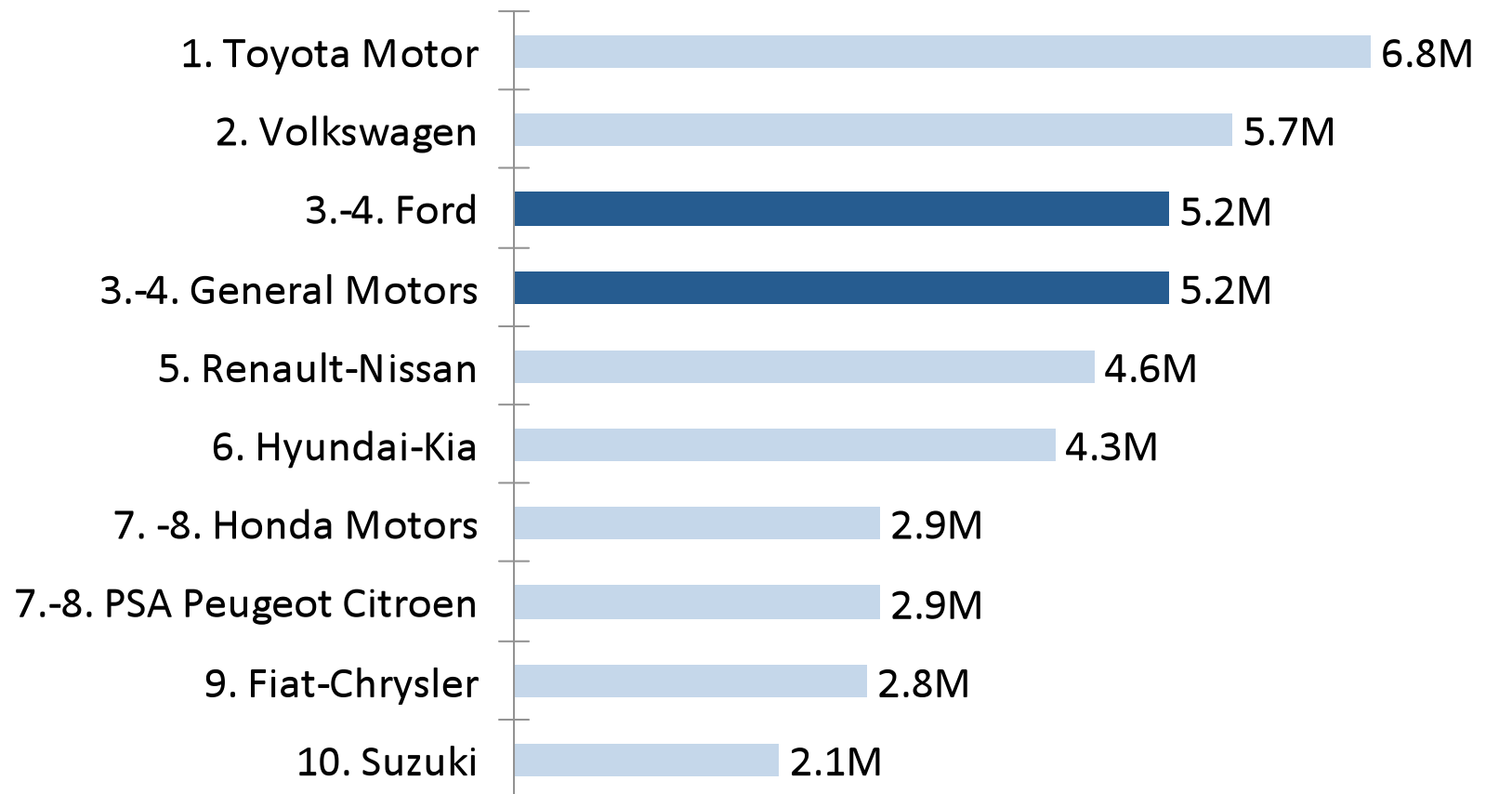
Source: Ward's Automotive Yearbook, 2009

2007 Private R&D Spending by Industry: In Millions



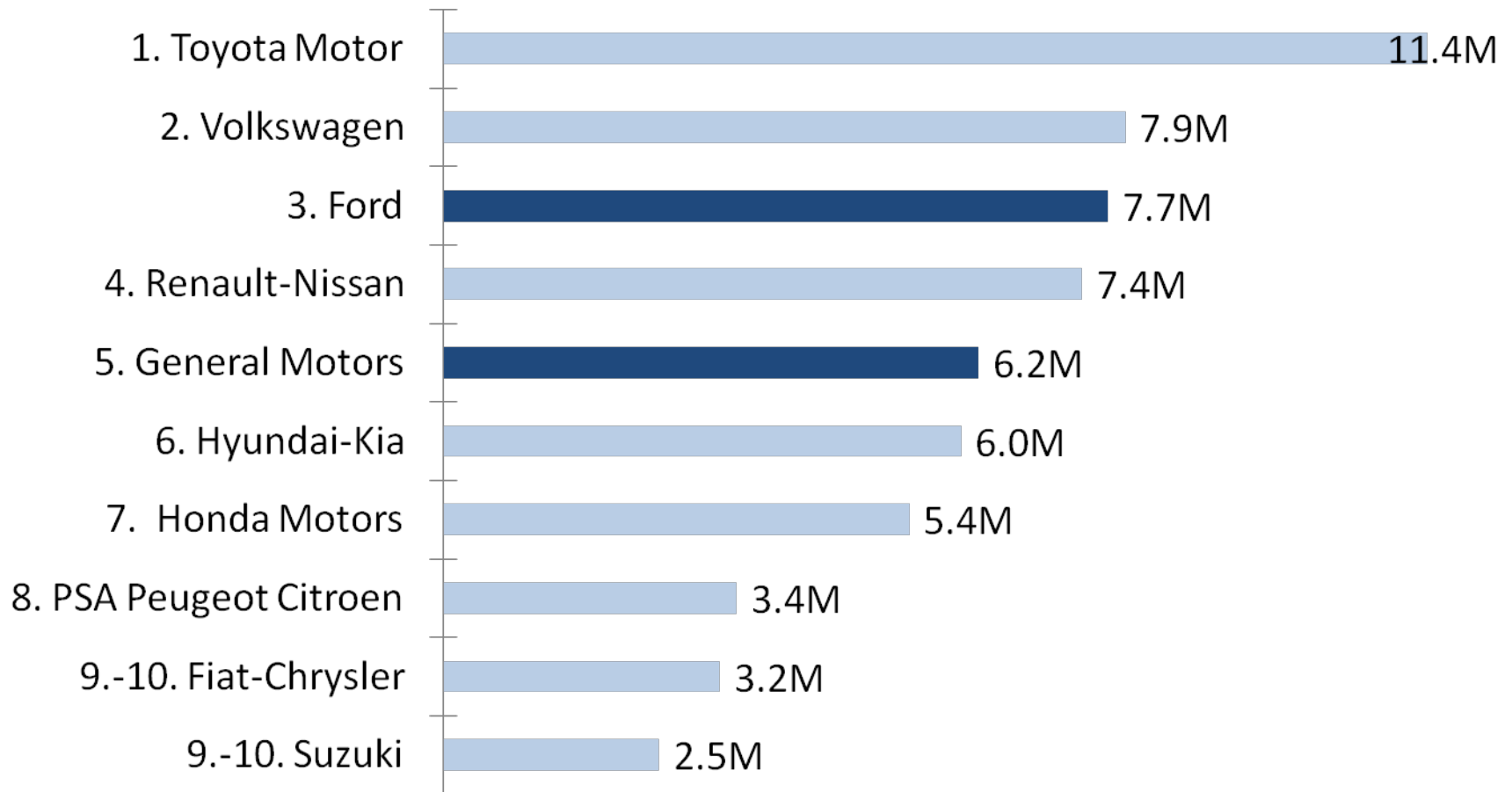
Source: NSF, Research and Development in Industry 2007, Table 1

Global Sales 2009 (estimate)



Source: CSM Worldwide; Ford Figures include Volvo and Mazda

Global Sales 2015 (estimate)



Source: CSM Worldwide; Ford Figures include Volvo and Mazda

Defining the Automotive Industry

Direct Employment and Compensation

*OEMs directly employed **313,000** people*

- Includes manufacturing, research and development, headquarters, and all other operational activities
- Directly reported by OEMs at end of 2008

***686,000** people were employed in the automotive parts sector.*

- Includes a percentage employment from rubber, plastics, batteries, and other non-automotive sectors

***737,000** people were employed in the dealer network selling and servicing new vehicles.*

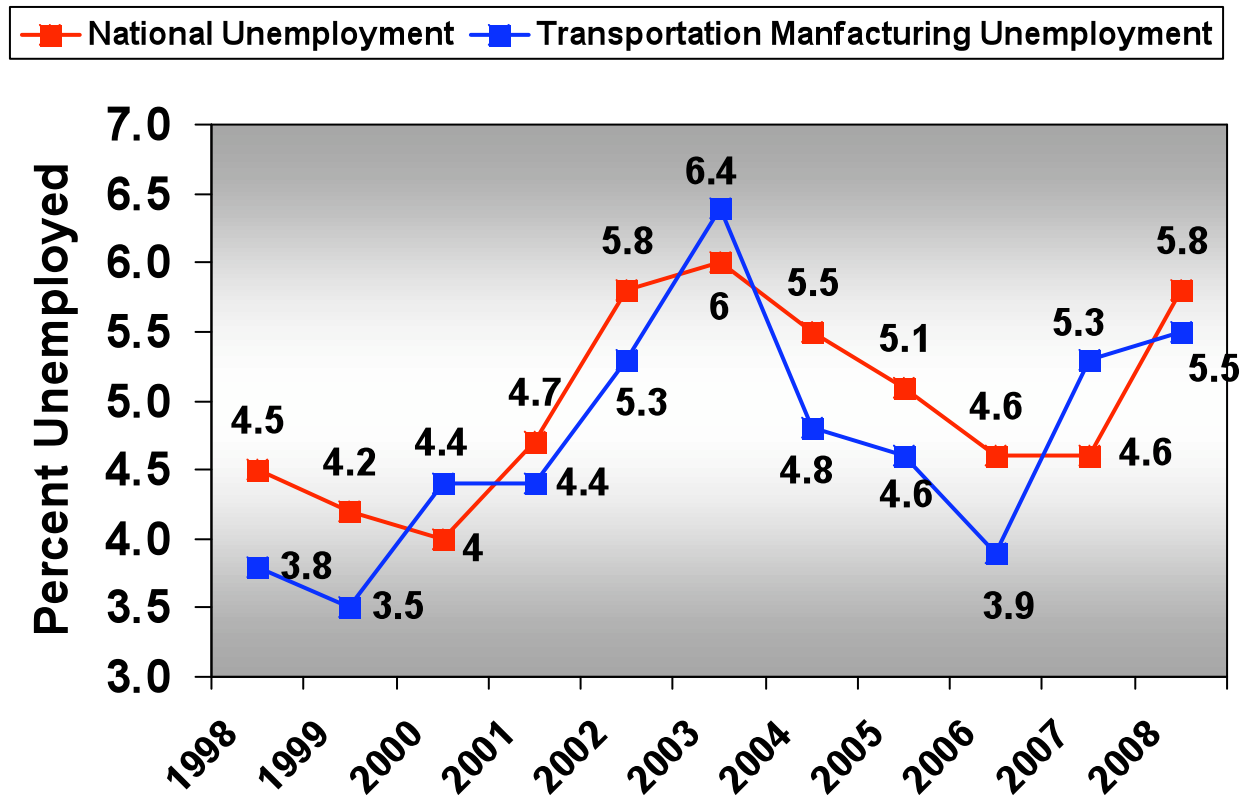
Estimated Total Employment Impacts

An estimated:

- **8 million private sector jobs**,
- more than **\$500 billion** in annual compensation, and
- nearly **\$70 billion in personal tax revenues**

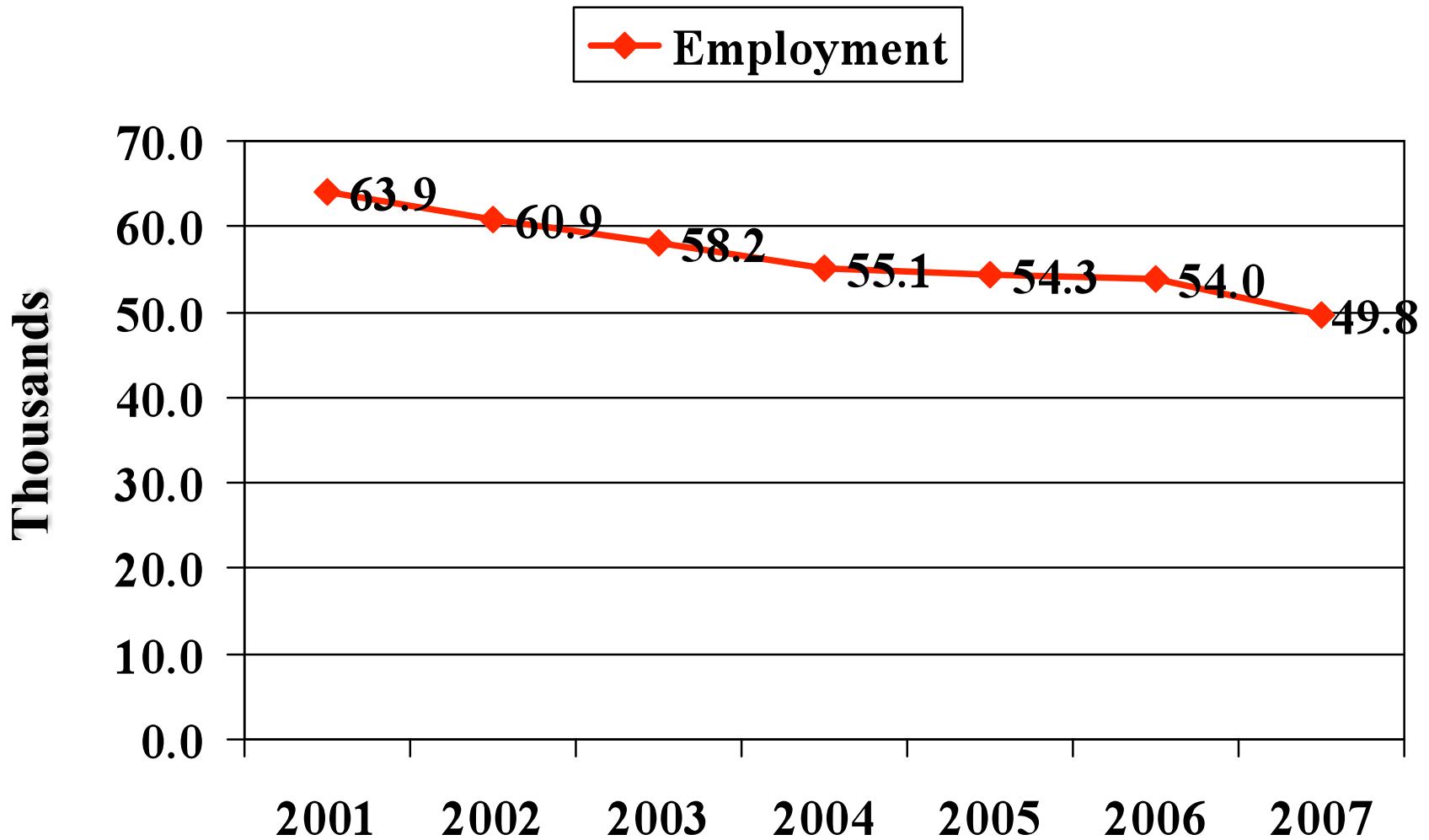
are generated by the automotive industry's **total U.S. automotive operations**, including new vehicle development and production, parts manufacturing, along with the contribution from the sales and service of new vehicles.

U.S. Annual Unemployment Rate: 1998 to 2008



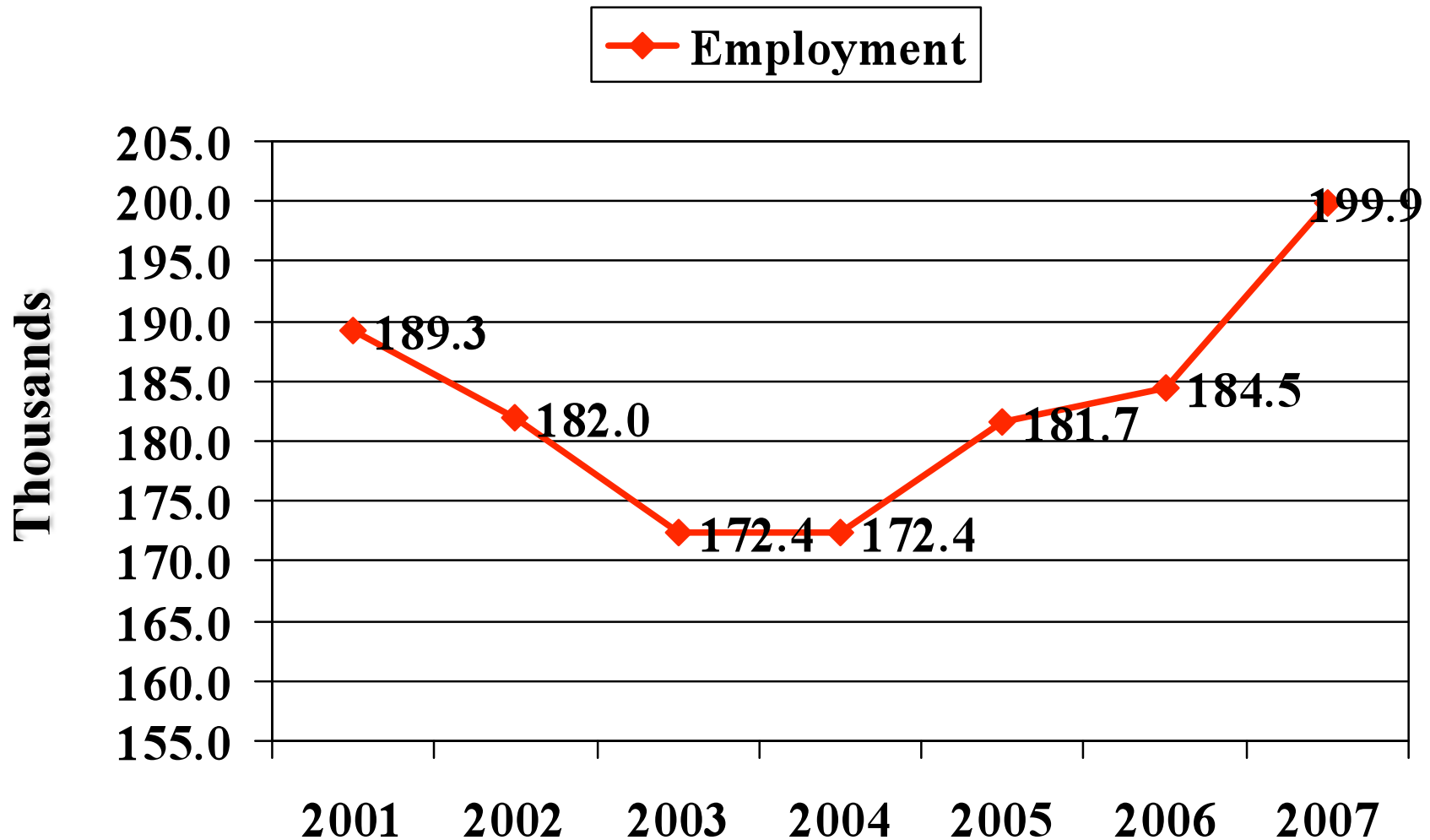
Source: BLS

326211: Tire Manufacturing Employment 2001-2007



Source: US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns

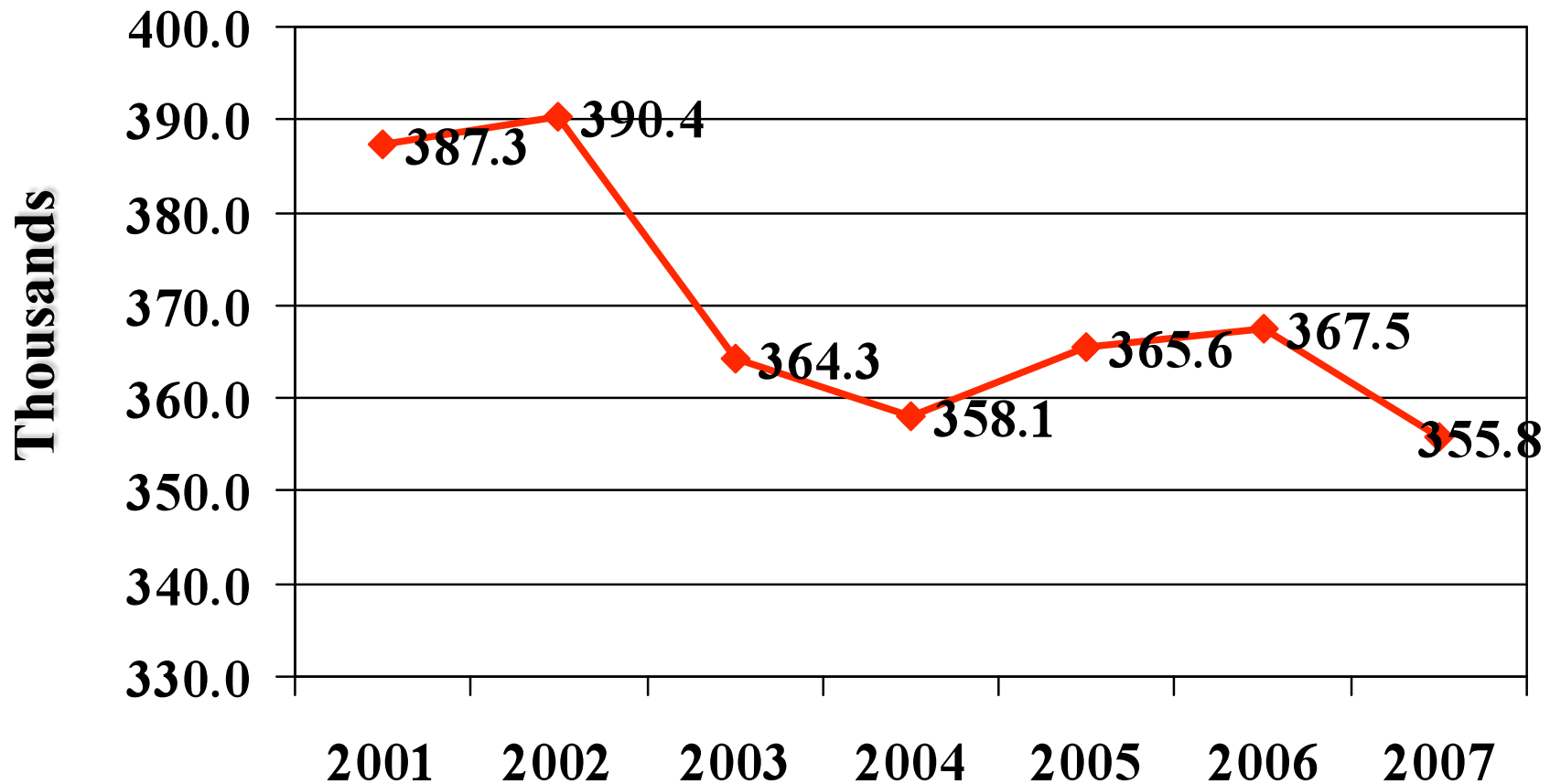
5321: Automotive Equipment Rental and Leasing Employment 2001-2007



Source: US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns

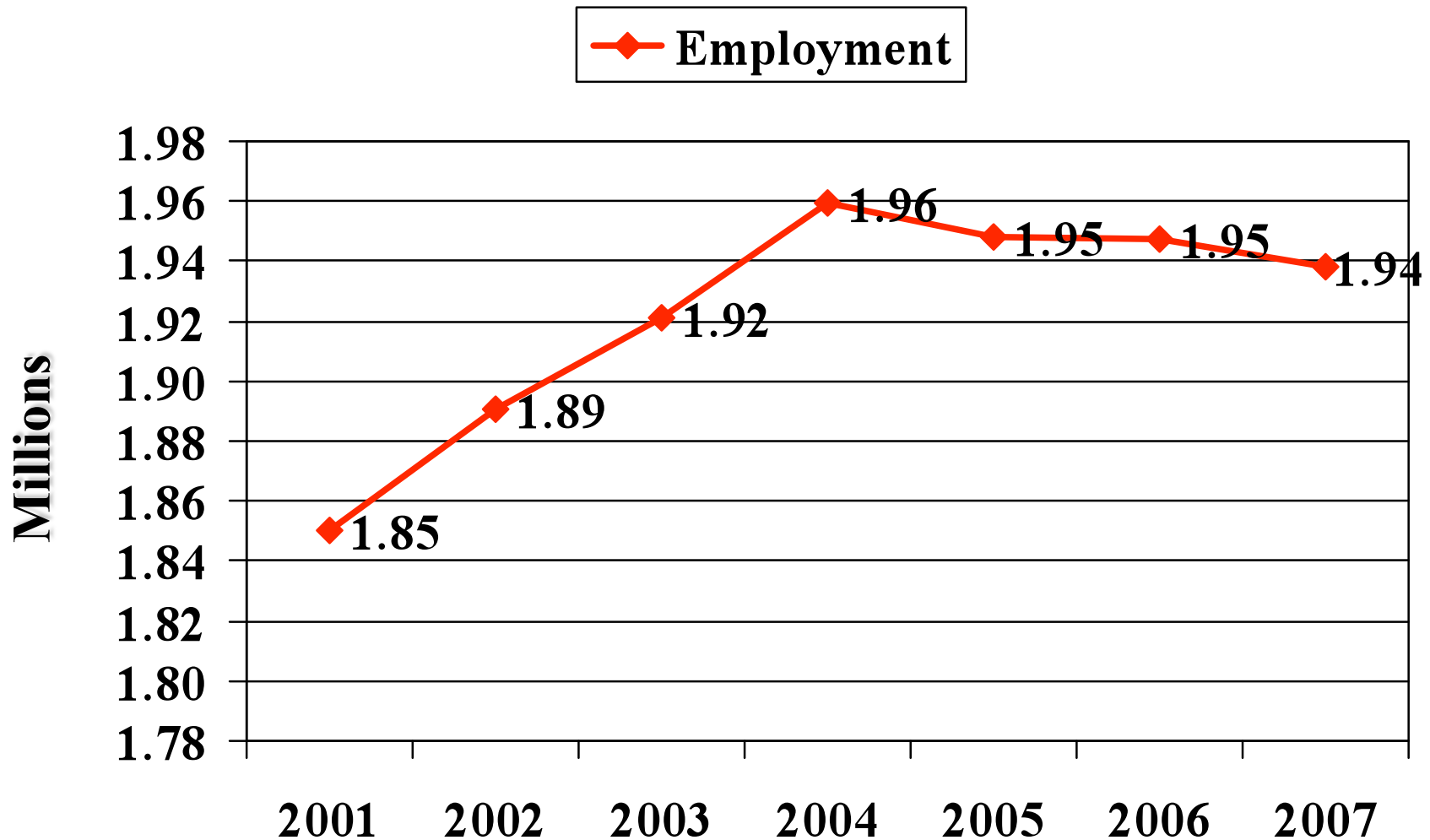
4231: Motor Vehicle and Motor Vehicle Parts and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers Employment 2001-2007

—◆— Employment



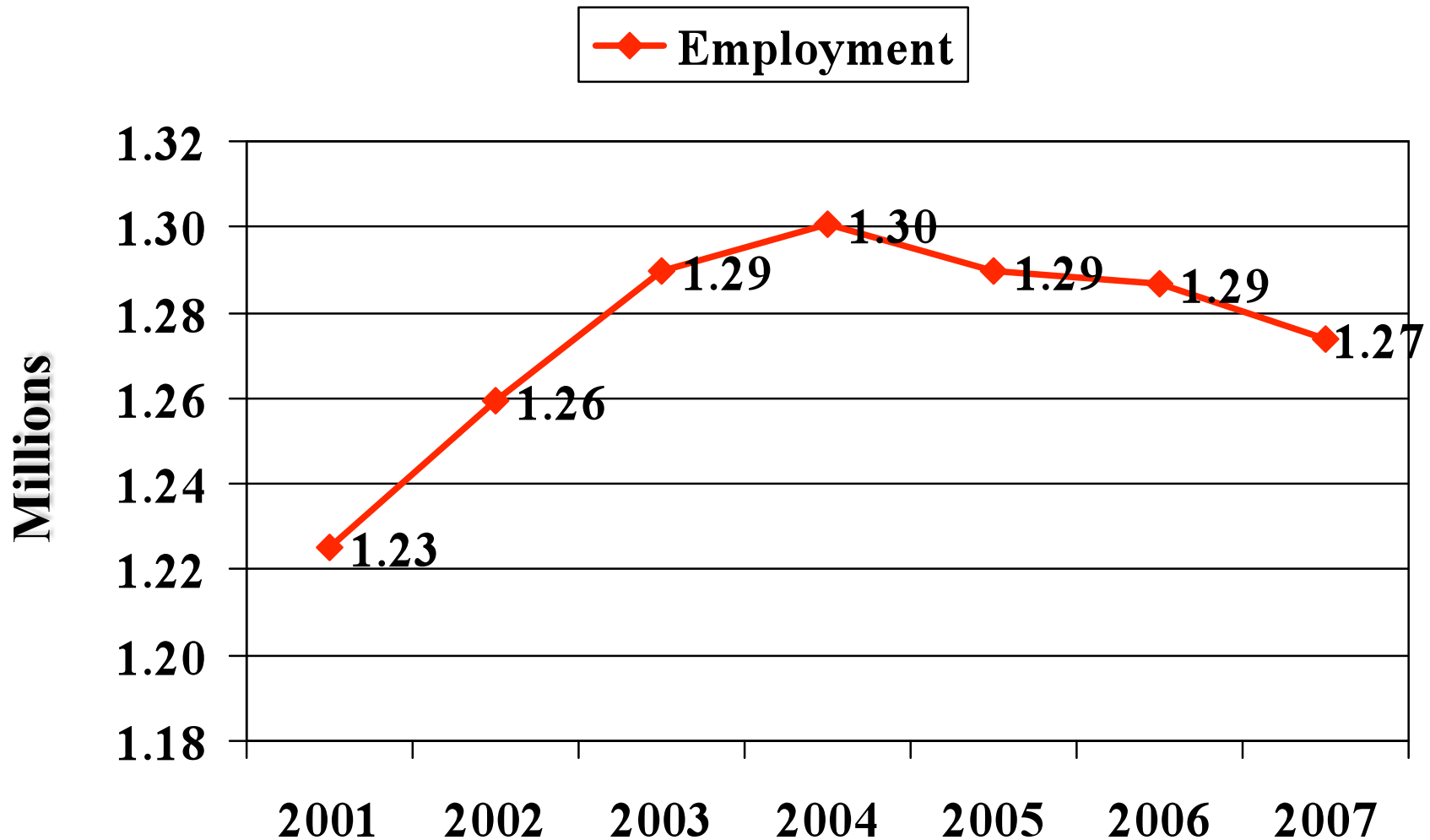
Source: US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns

441: Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers Employment 2001-2007



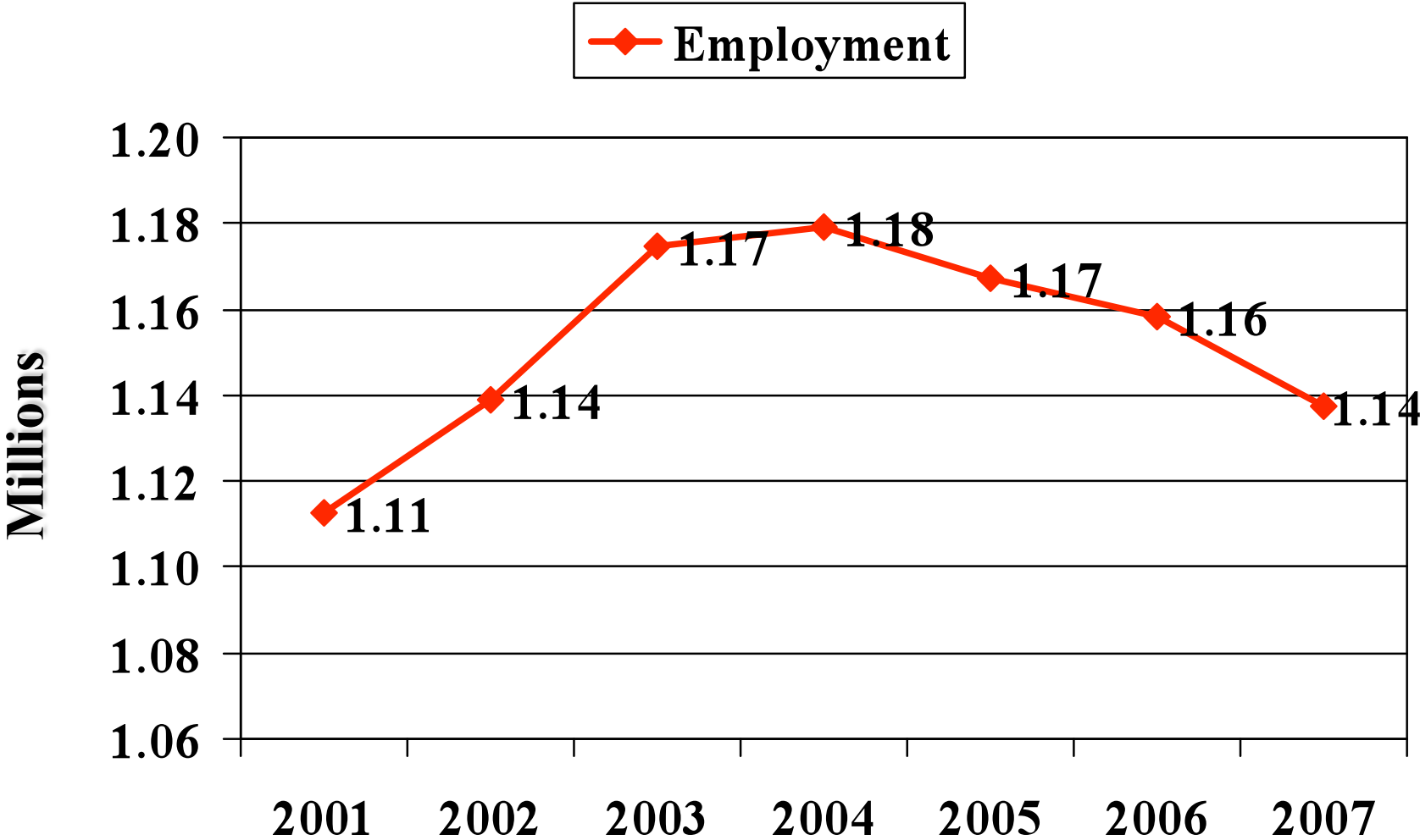
Source: US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns

4411: Automobile Dealers Employment 2001-2007



Source: US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns

44111: New Car Dealers 2001-2007



Source: US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns

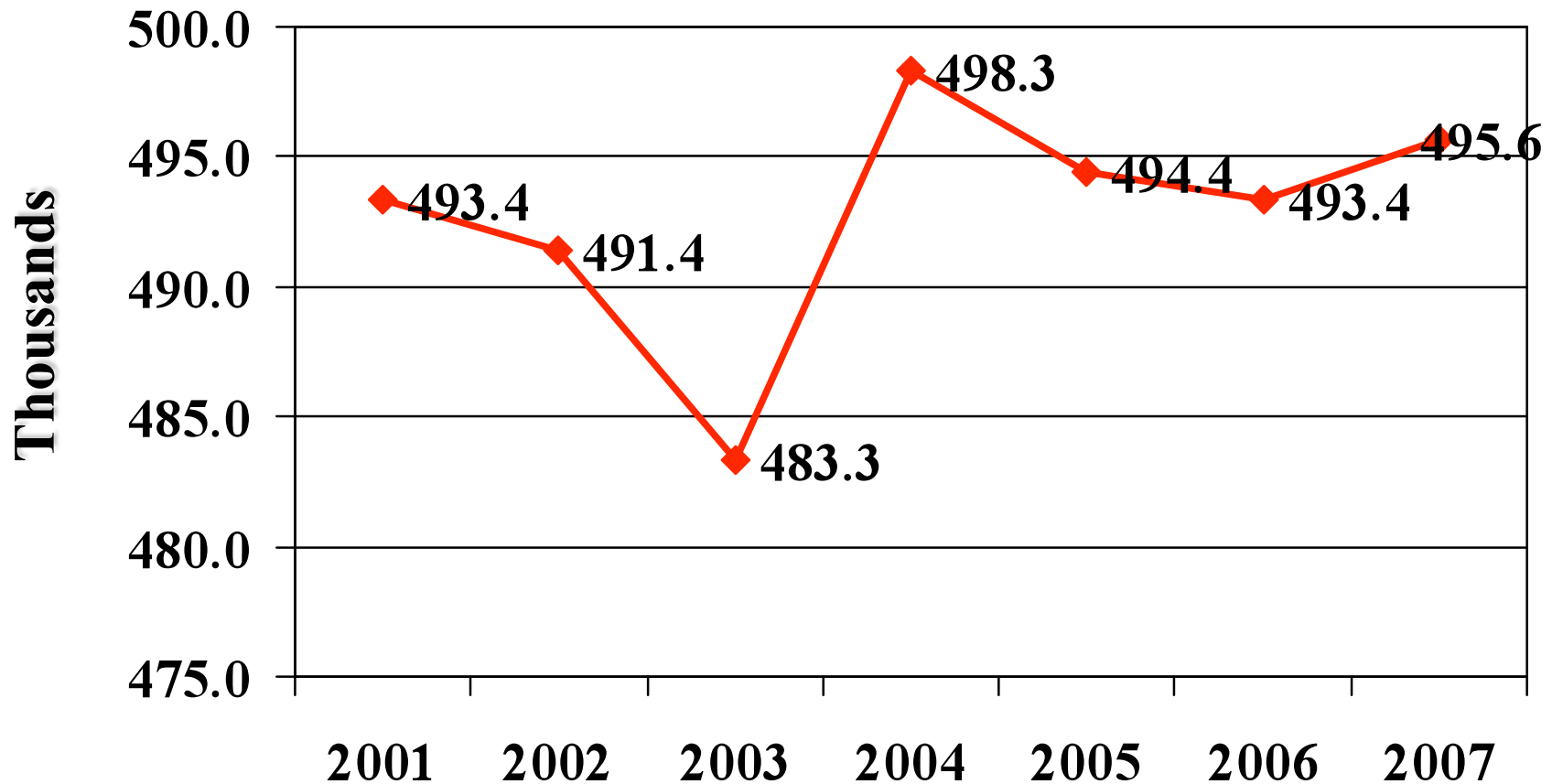
44112: Used Car Dealers 2001-2007



Source: US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns

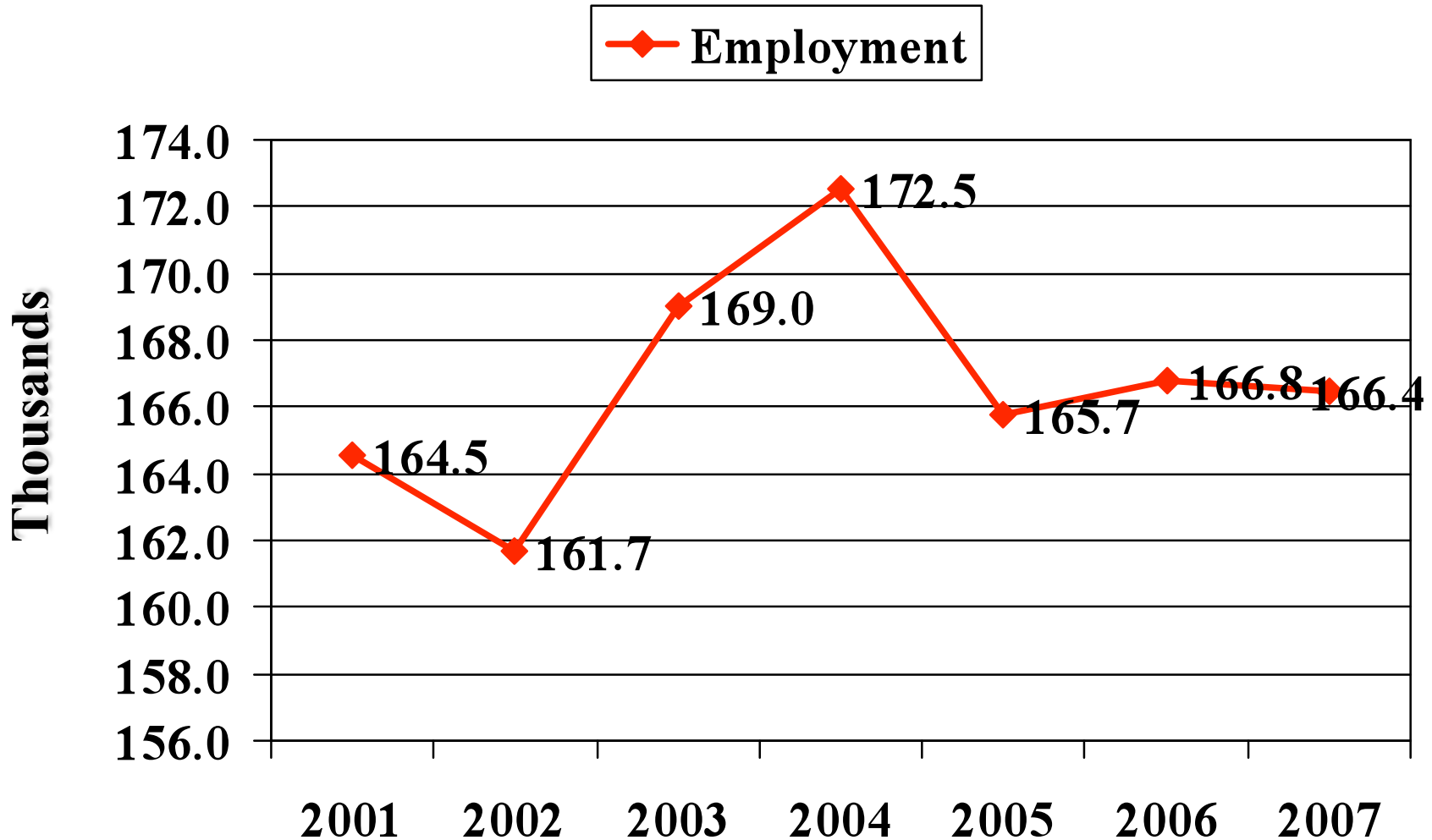
4413 : Automotive Parts, Accessories, and Tire Stores 2001-2007

◆ Employment



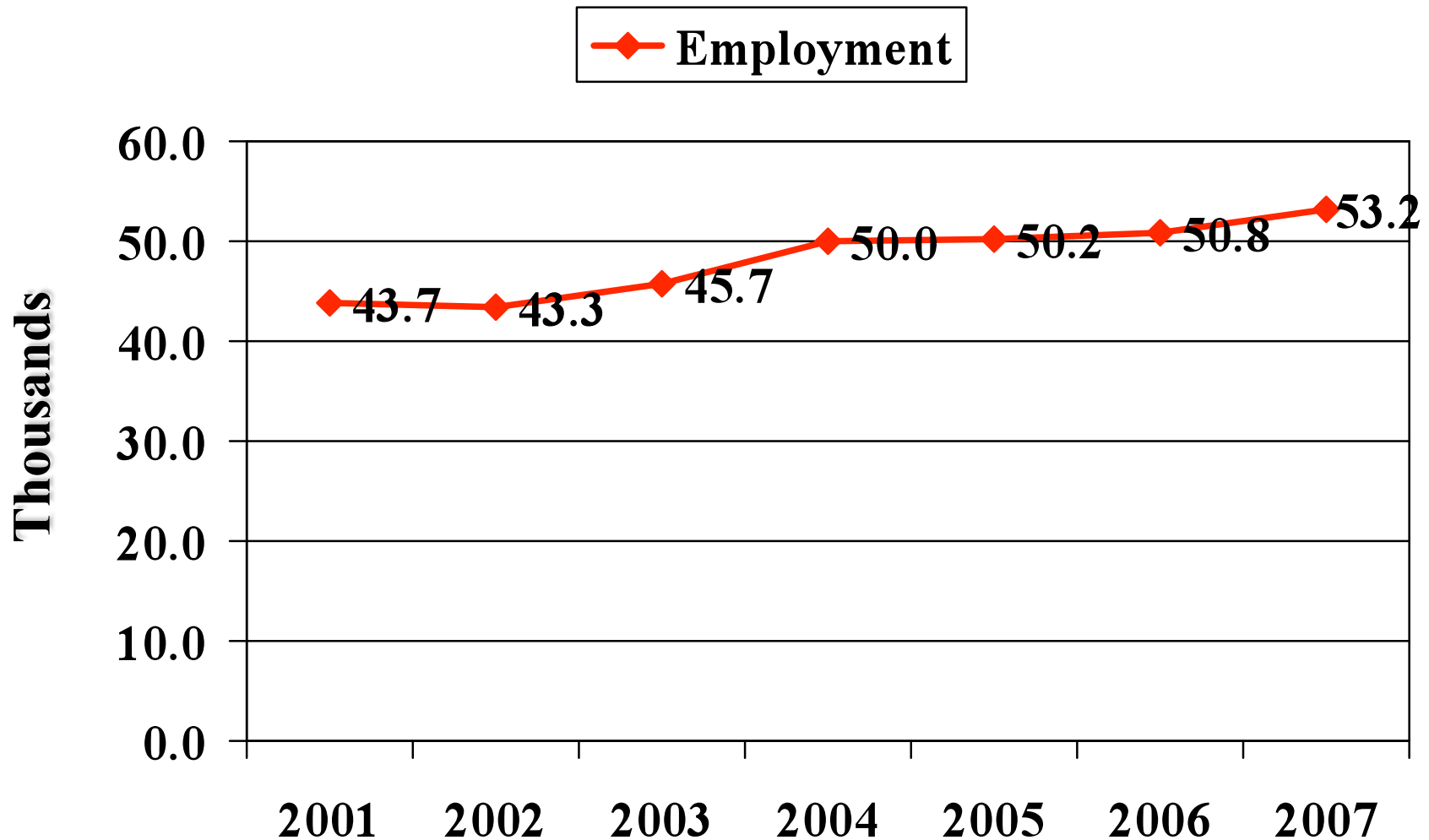
Source: US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns

44132: Tire Dealers Employment 2001-2007



Source: US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns

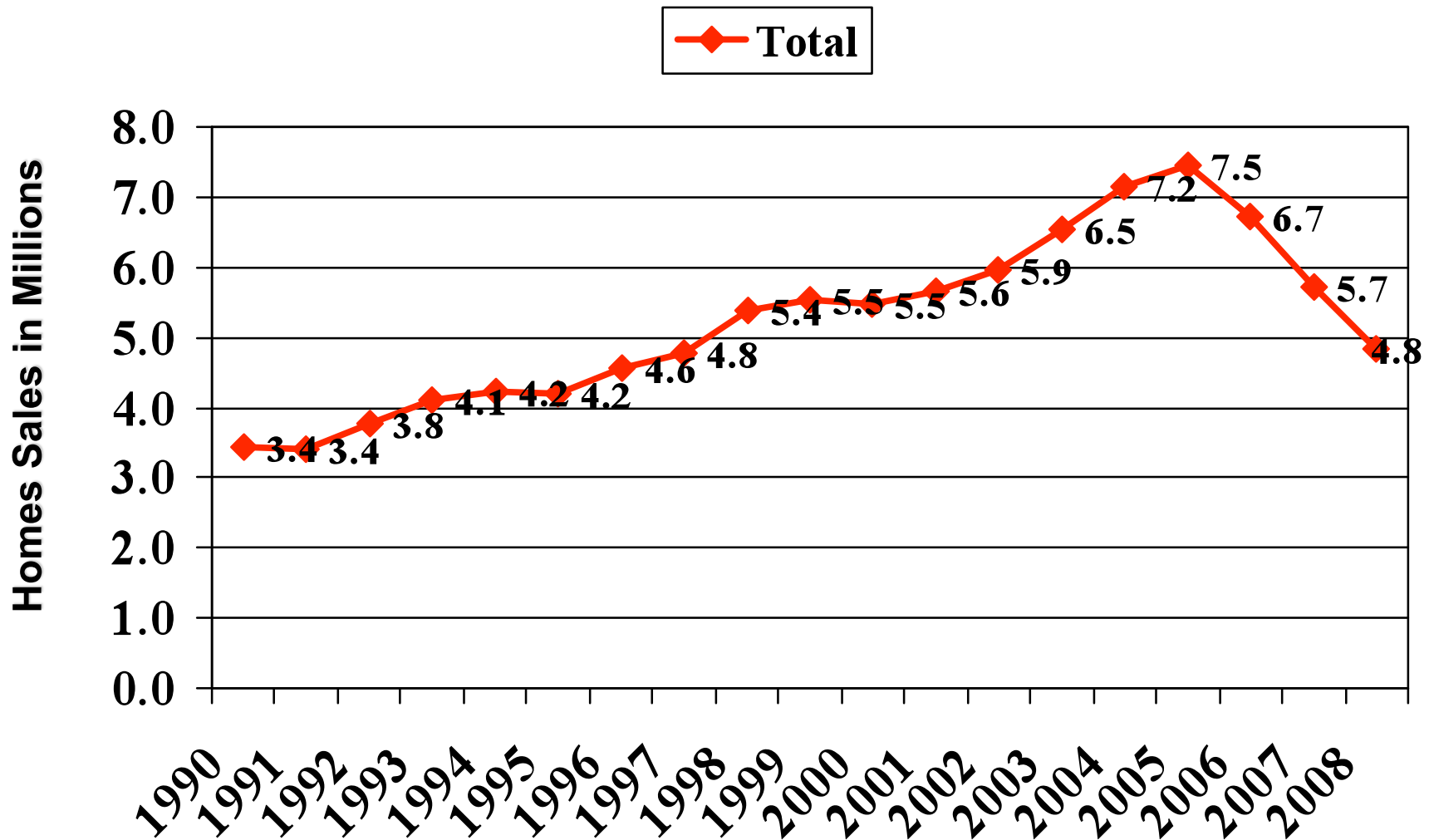
488410: Motor Vehicle Towing Employment 2001-2007



Source: US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns

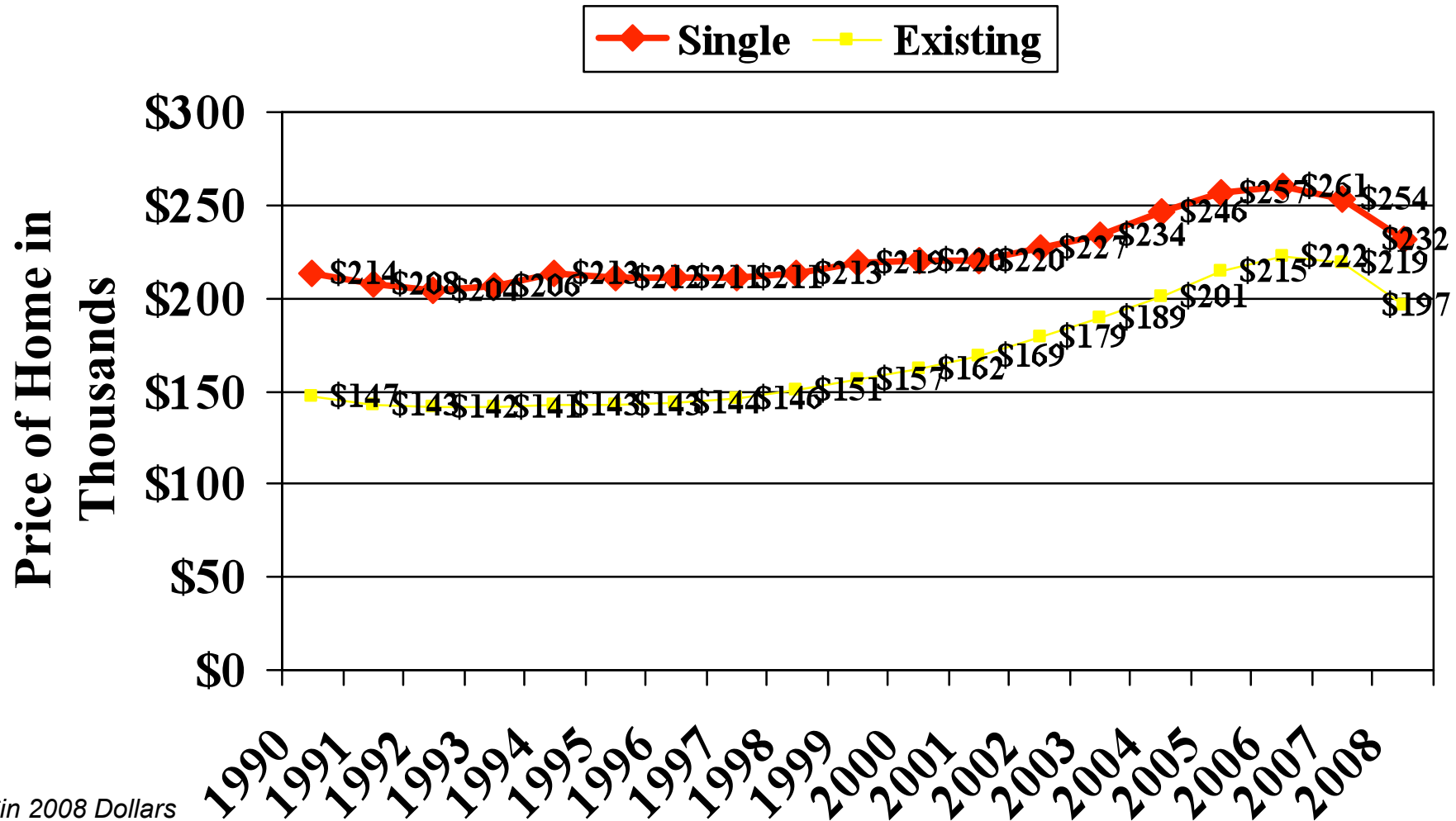
Housing Crunches,
Credit Crunches,
and the tanking of auto sales

U.S. Home Sales in Millions



Source: National Association of Realtors

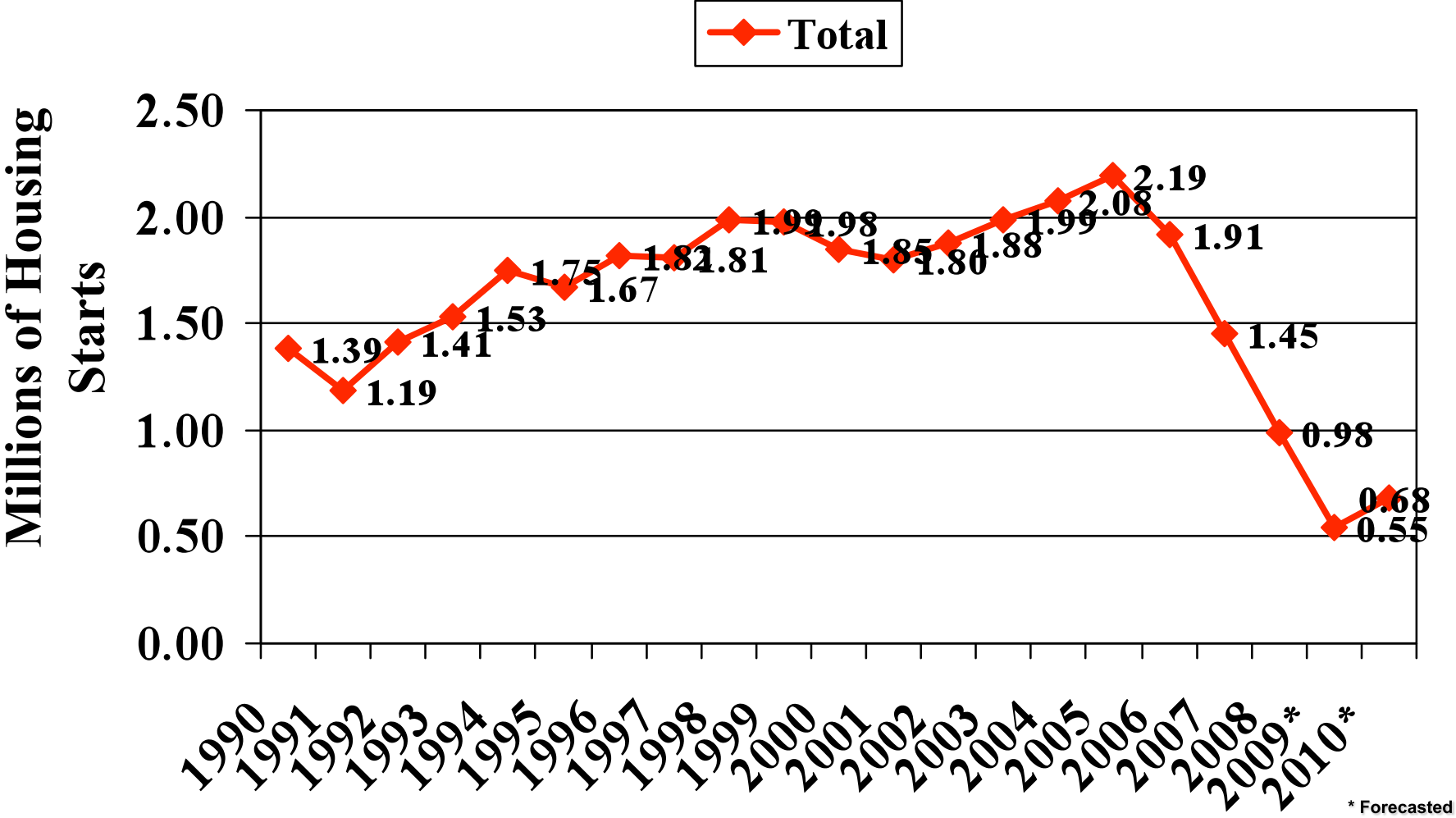
Current Homeowners Are Stuck: Medium Price of New and Existing Homes 1990-2008*



*in 2008 Dollars

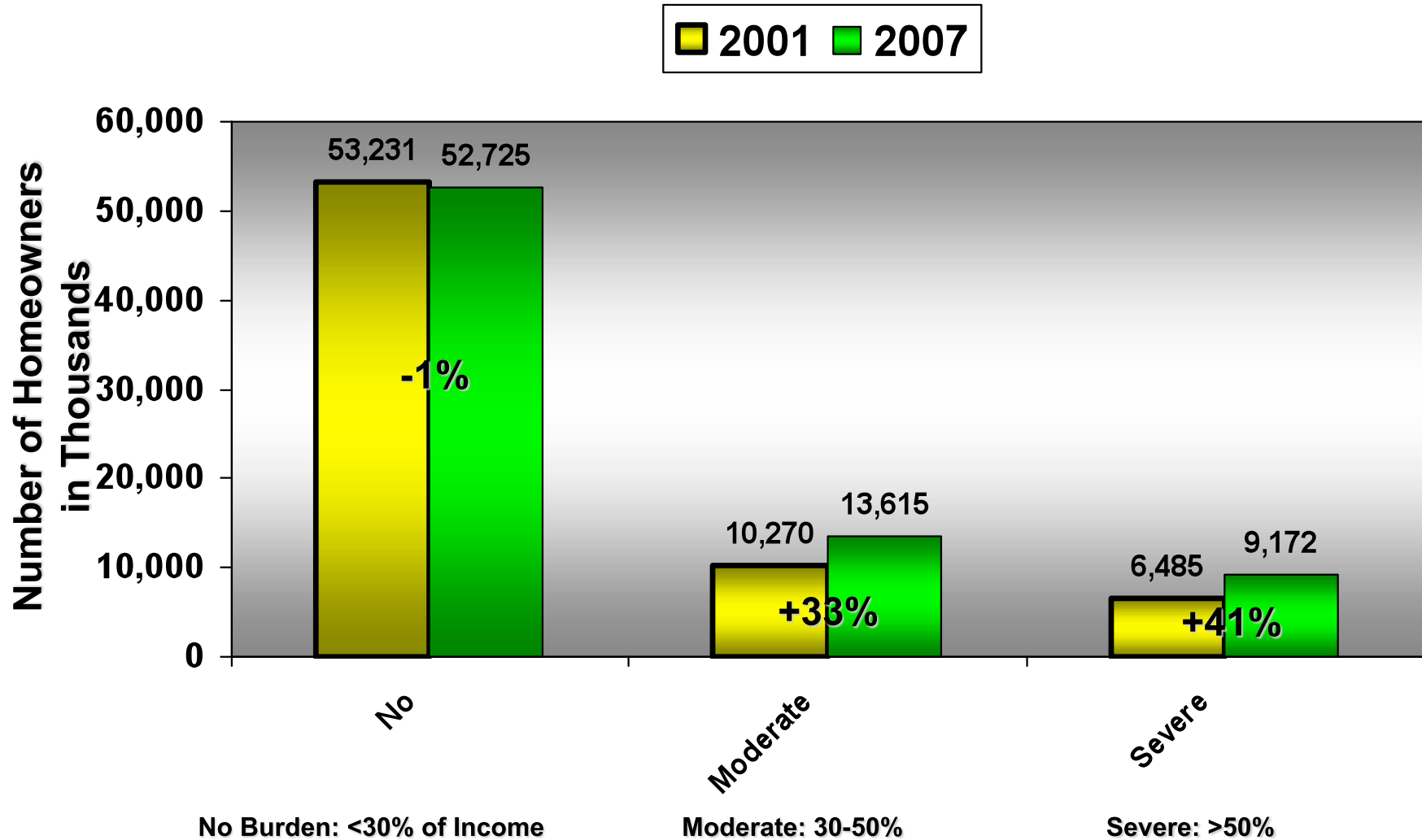
Source: US Census Bureau, Medium and Average Sales Price of New One-Family Houses Sold, www.census.gov/const/uspriceann.pdf.

Reduced Building will help, but Surplus still Exists: Housing Starts 1990-2010



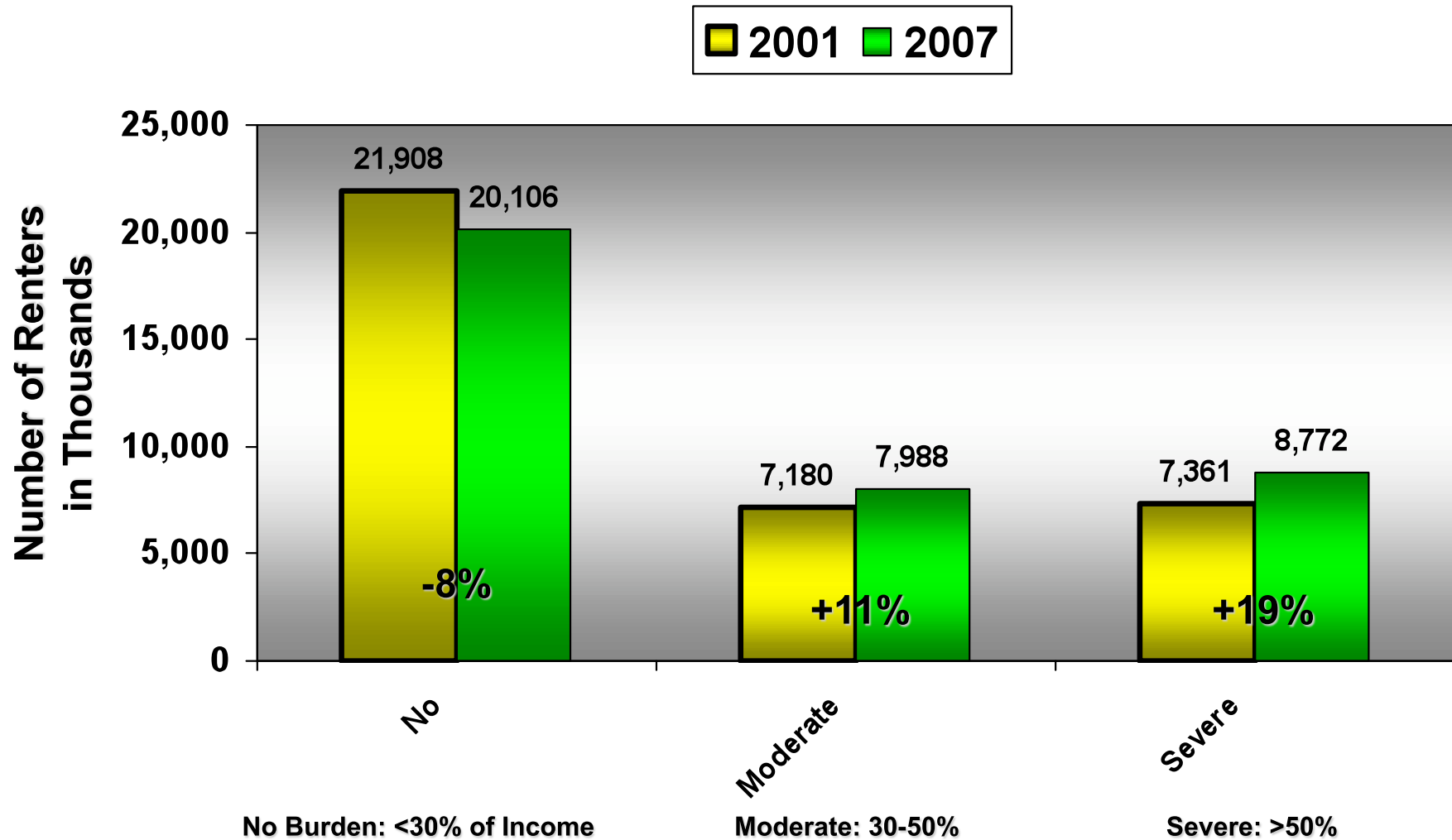
Source: US Census Bureau, New Privately Owned Housing Units Started www.census.gov/const/startsan.pdf

Burden Level on Homeowners: Housing Costs as a Percent of Income



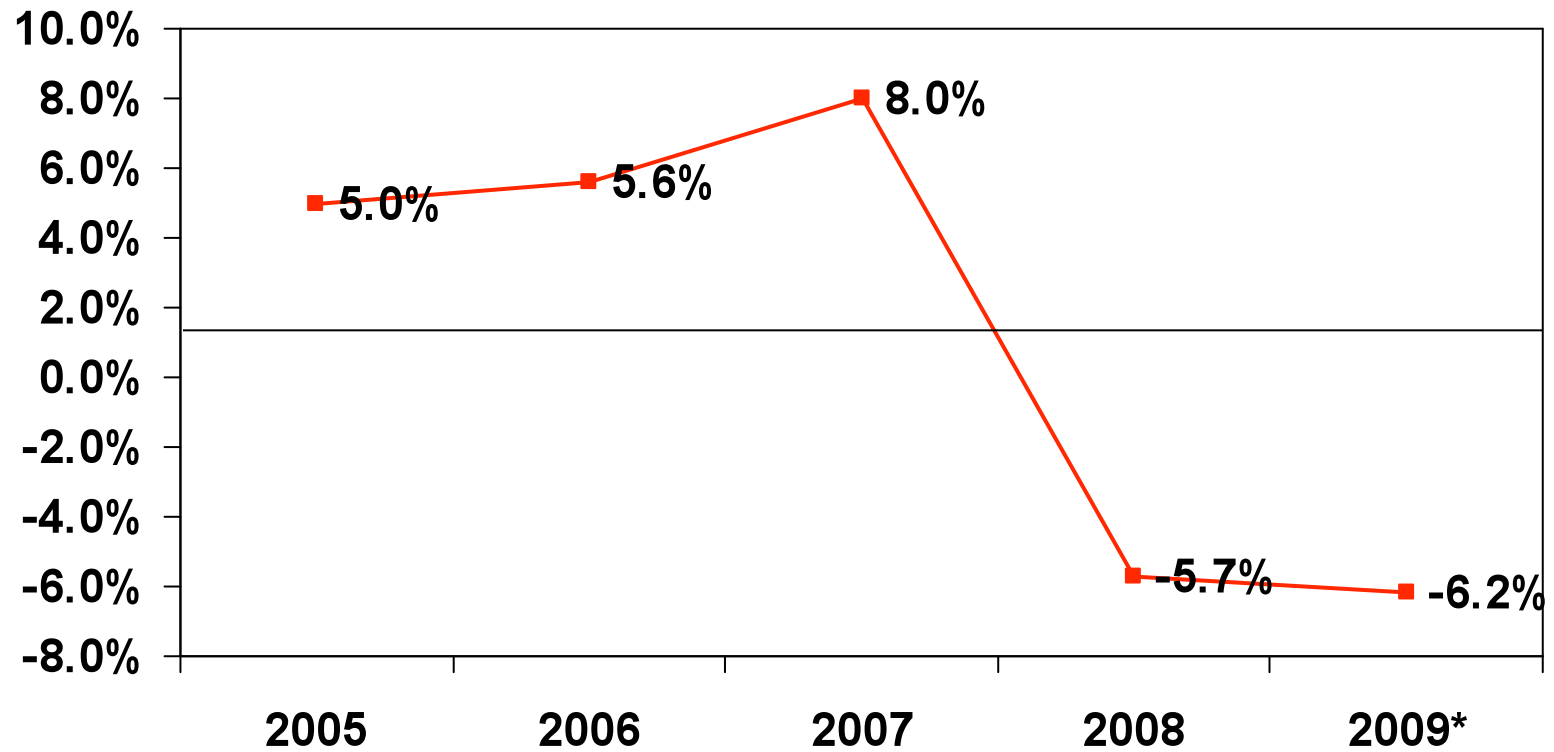
Source: Harvard University Joint Center for Housing Studies, based on U.S. Census Bureau data from the American Community Survey

Burden Level on Renters: Housing Costs as a Percent of Income



Source: Harvard University Joint Center for Housing Studies, based on U.S. Census Bureau data from the American Community Survey

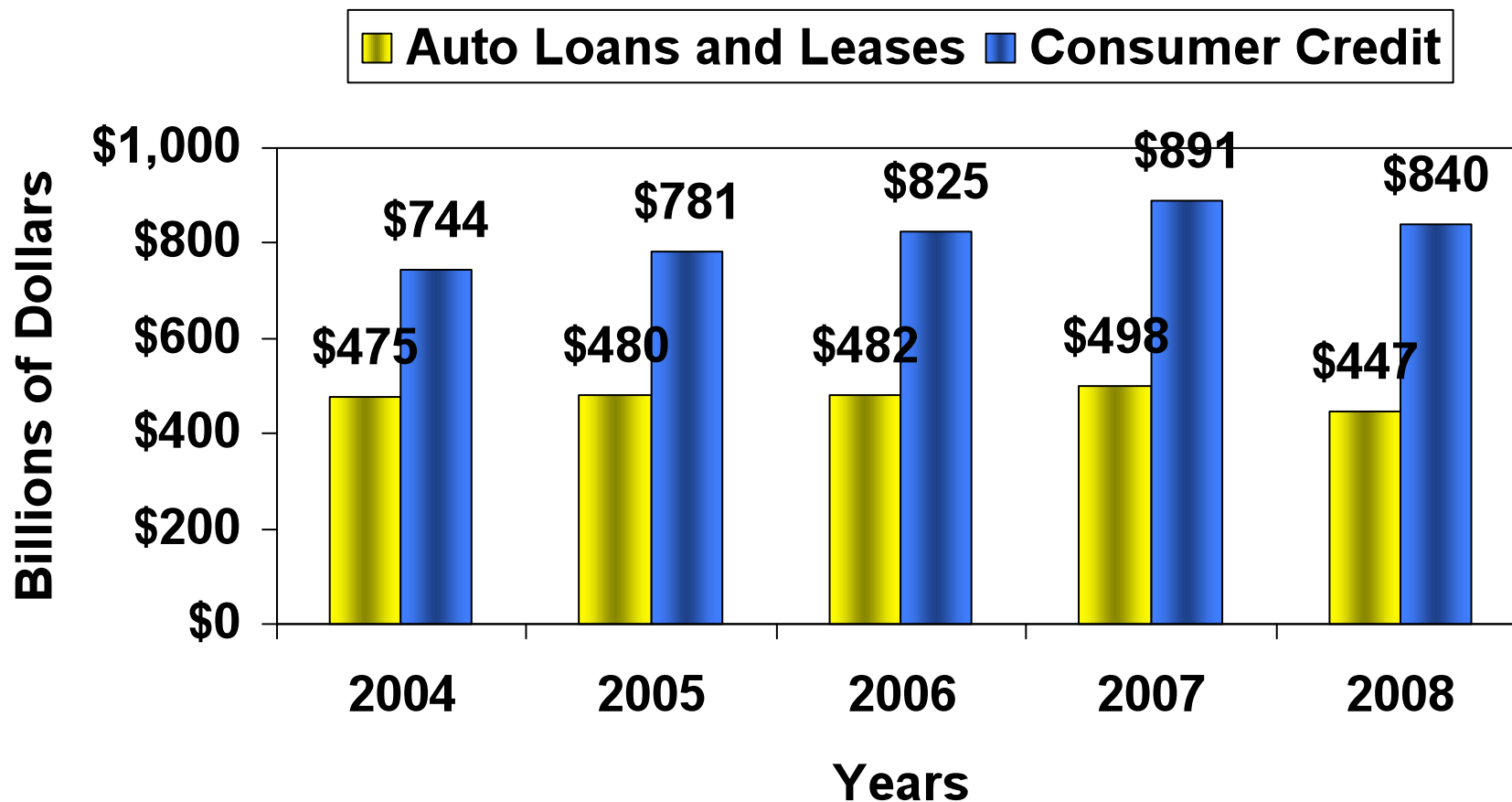
YOY %Δ of Consumer Credit: 2004-2009*



*2009 Q1

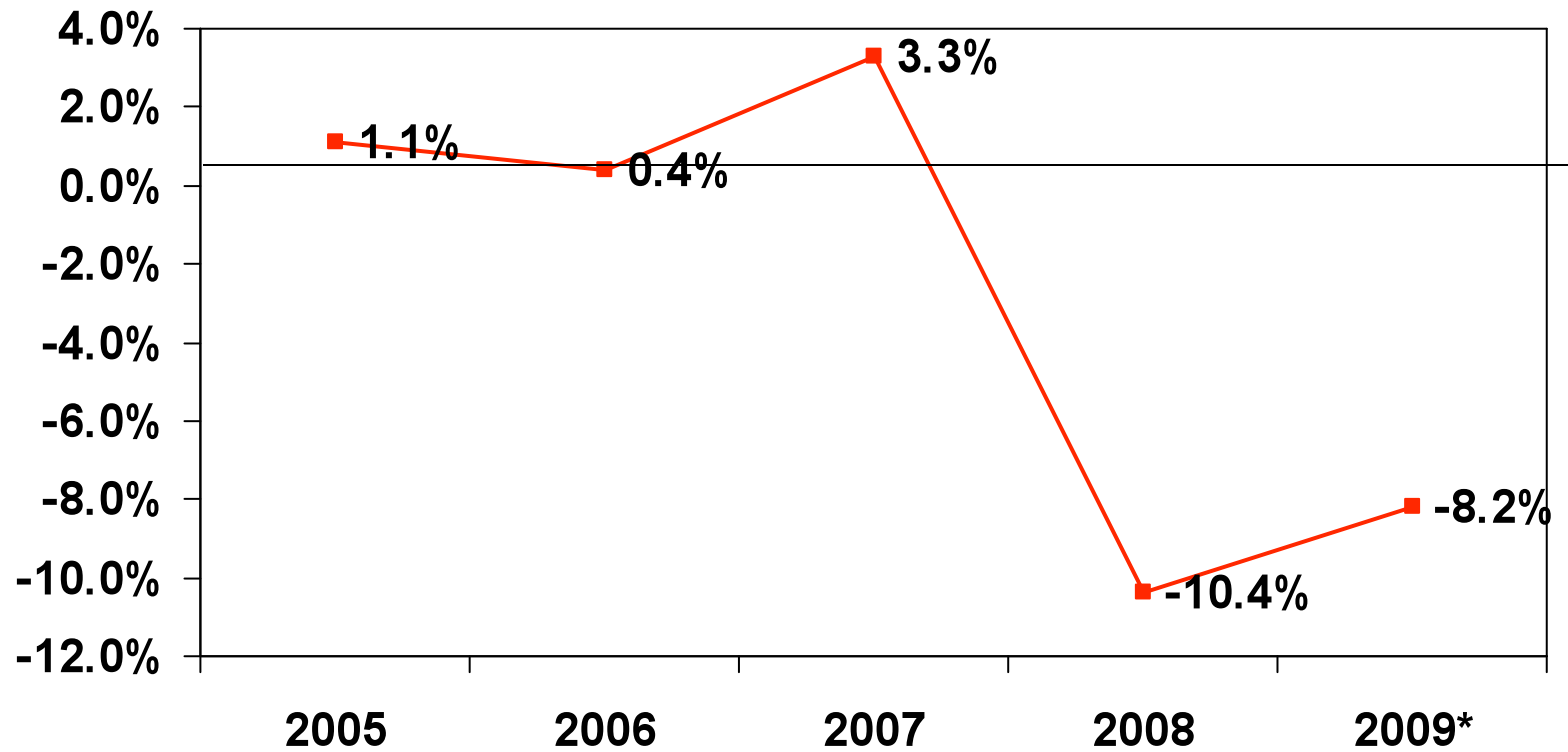
Source: Federal Reserve

Consumer Motor Vehicle Loans and Leases and Consumer Credit: 2004-2008



Source: Federal Reserve

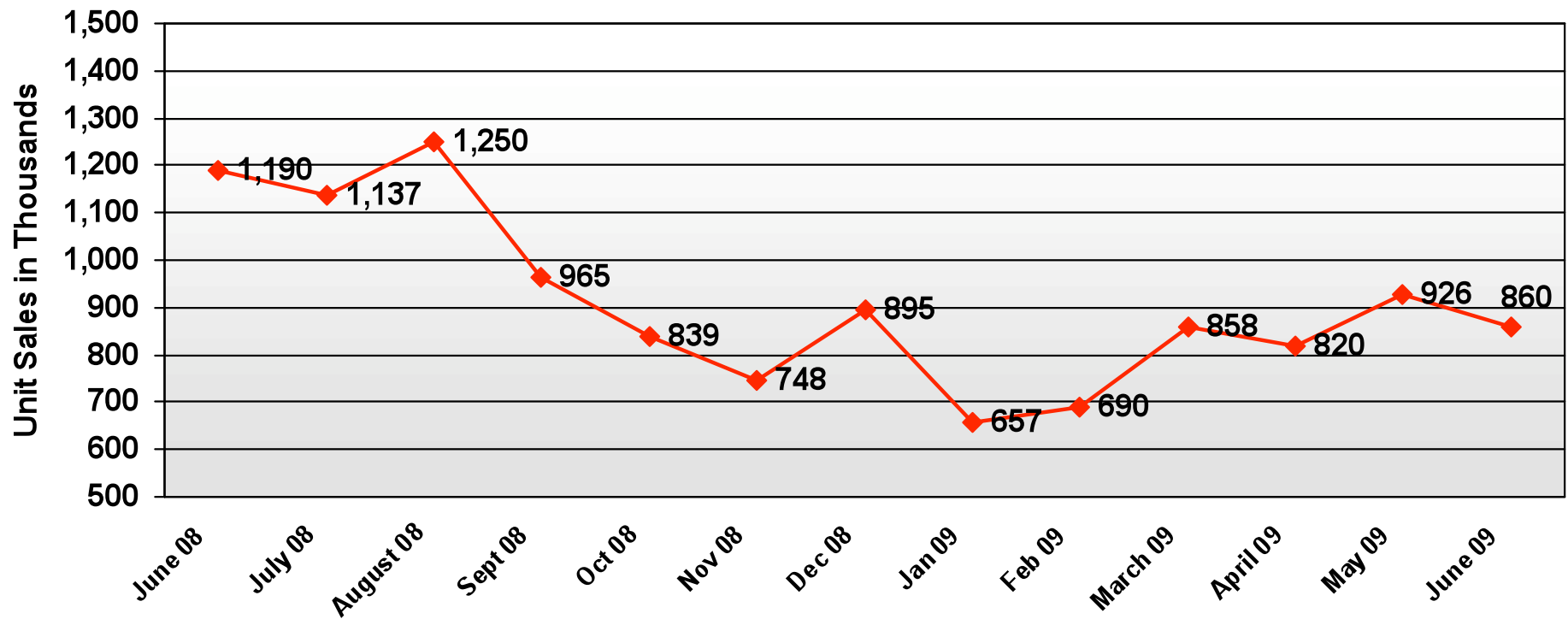
YOY %Δ of Consumer Auto Loans and Leases: 2004-2009*



*2009Q1

Source: Federal Reserve

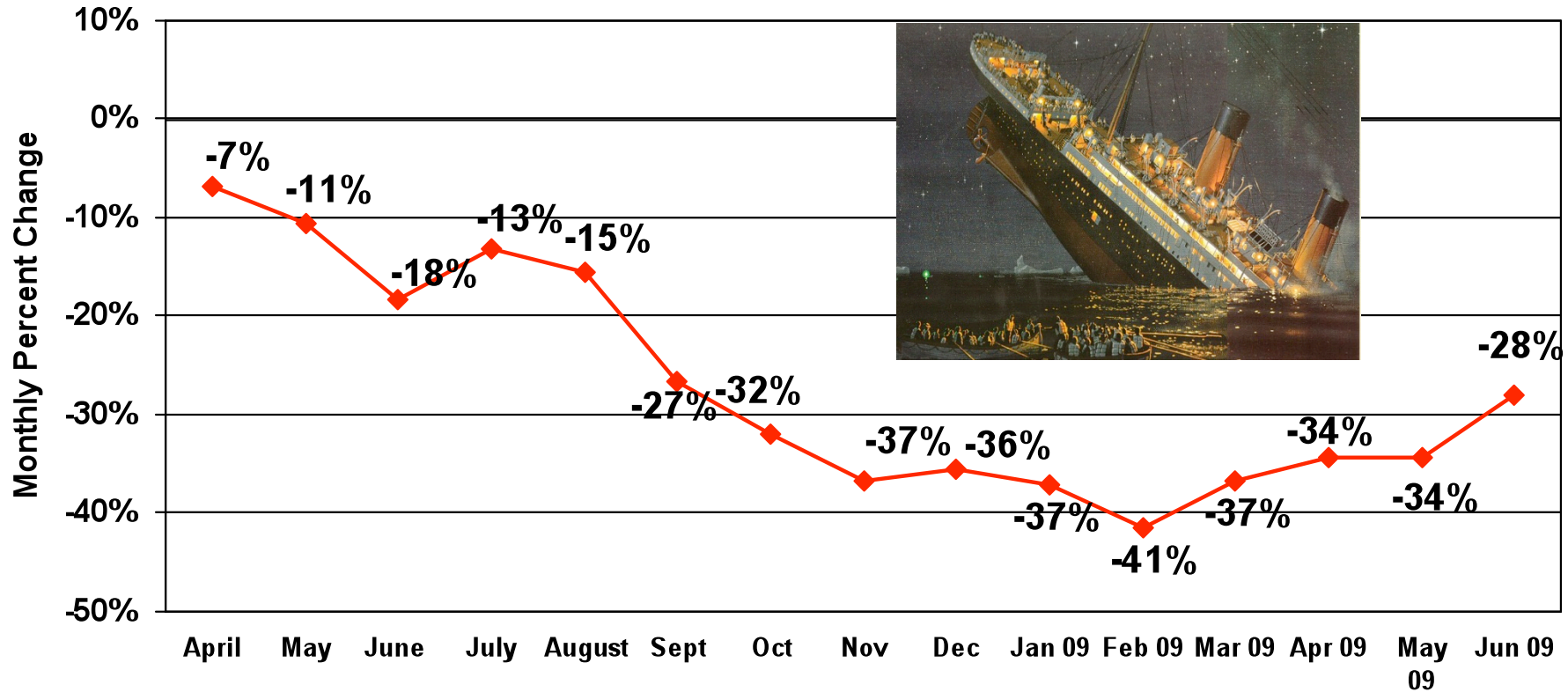
U.S. Light Vehicle Sales by Month: June 2008 through June 2009



Source: Automotive News Data Center

U.S. Light Vehicle Sales

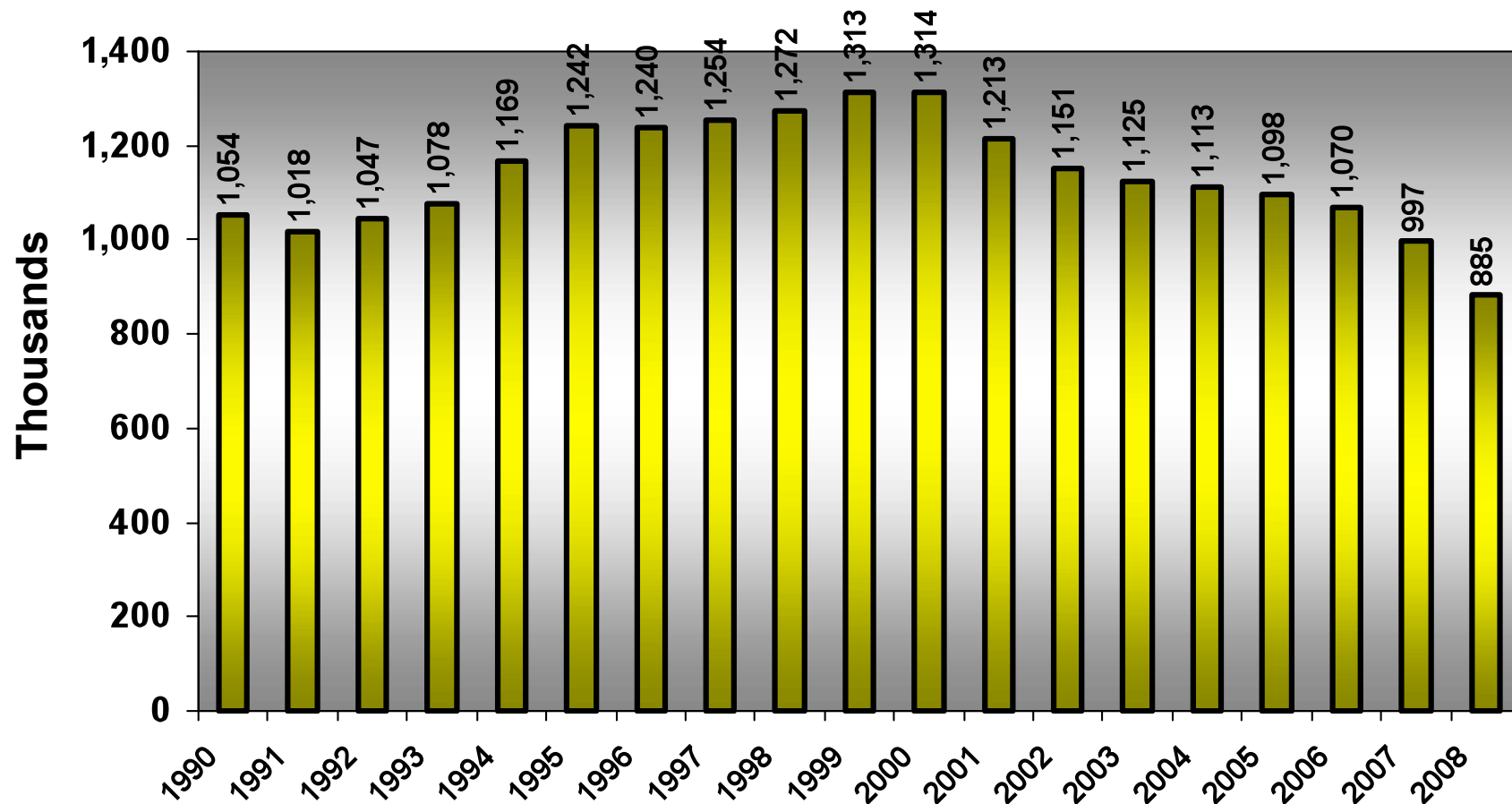
Monthly Percentage Change*:
April 2008 through June 2009



Source: Automotive News Data Center

*Percent change is a comparison of the given month's sales volume to its corresponding value in the previous year.

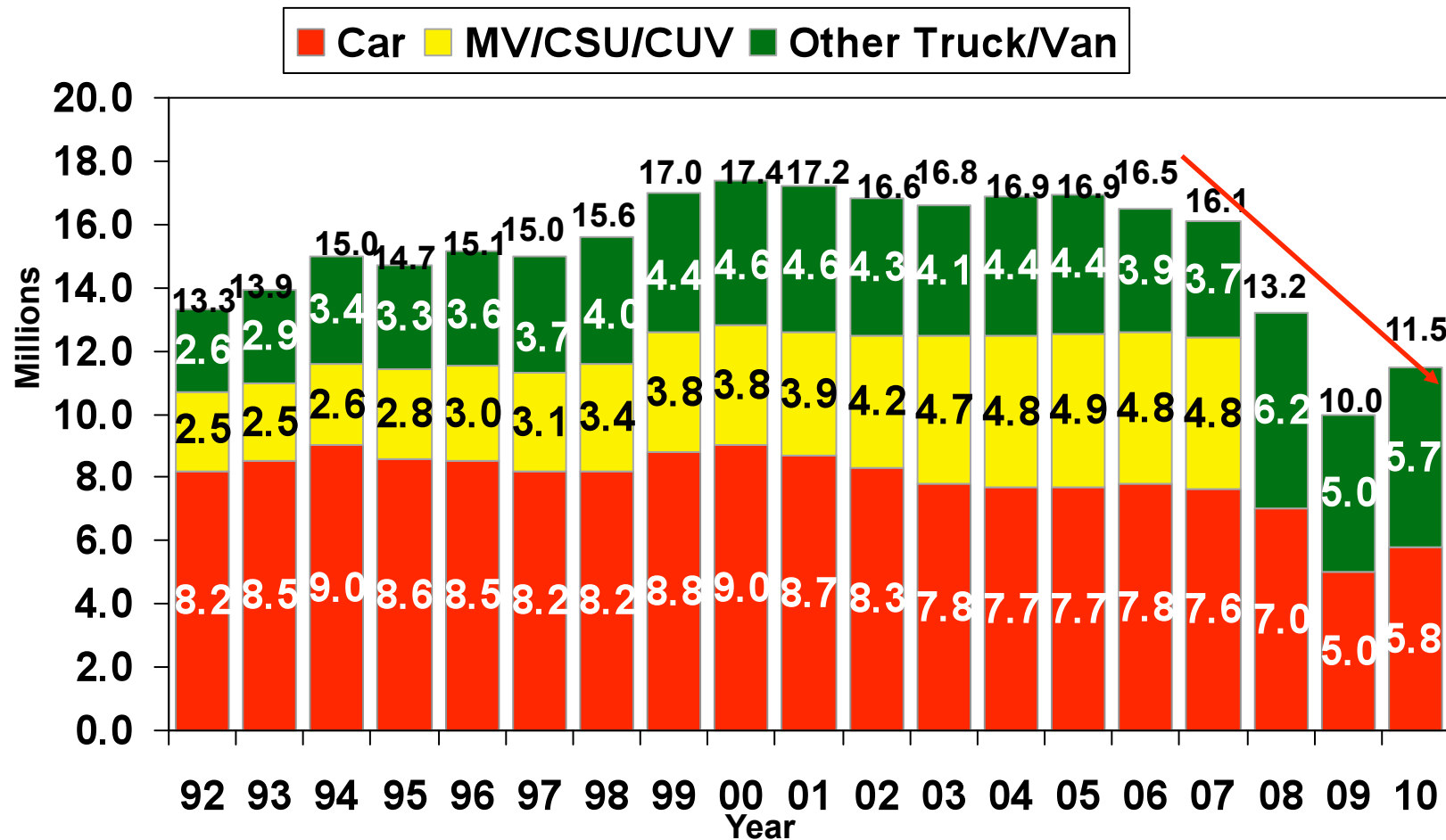
Total U.S. Employment: Motor Vehicles and Equipment



Source: Ward's Automotive Facts and Figures, 2009

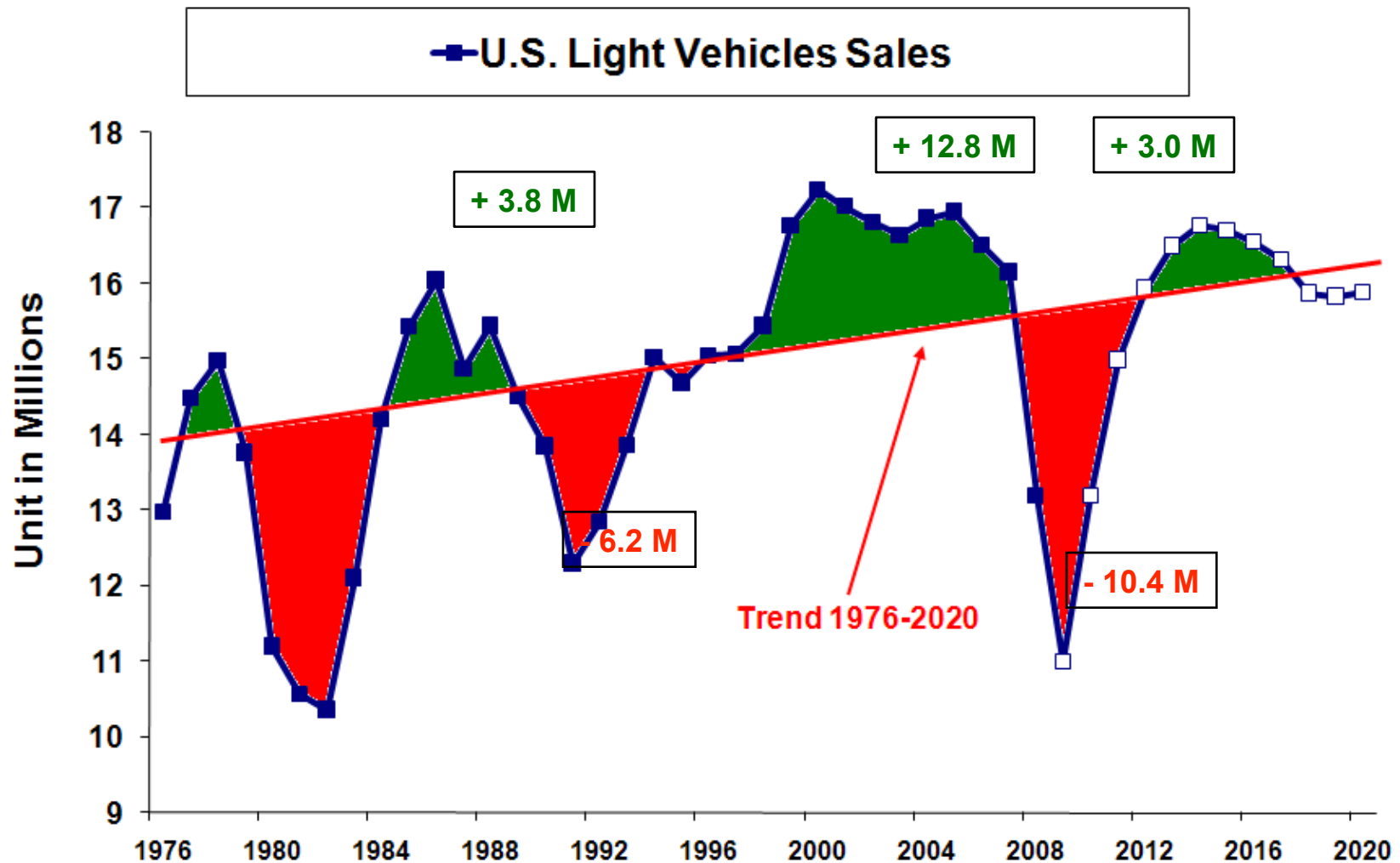
Off A Cliff!

Total U.S. Sales of Light Vehicles: 1992 - 2009



Source: Ward's Automotive Reports

However, Will It Come Back . . ? U.S. Light Vehicle Sales Forecast



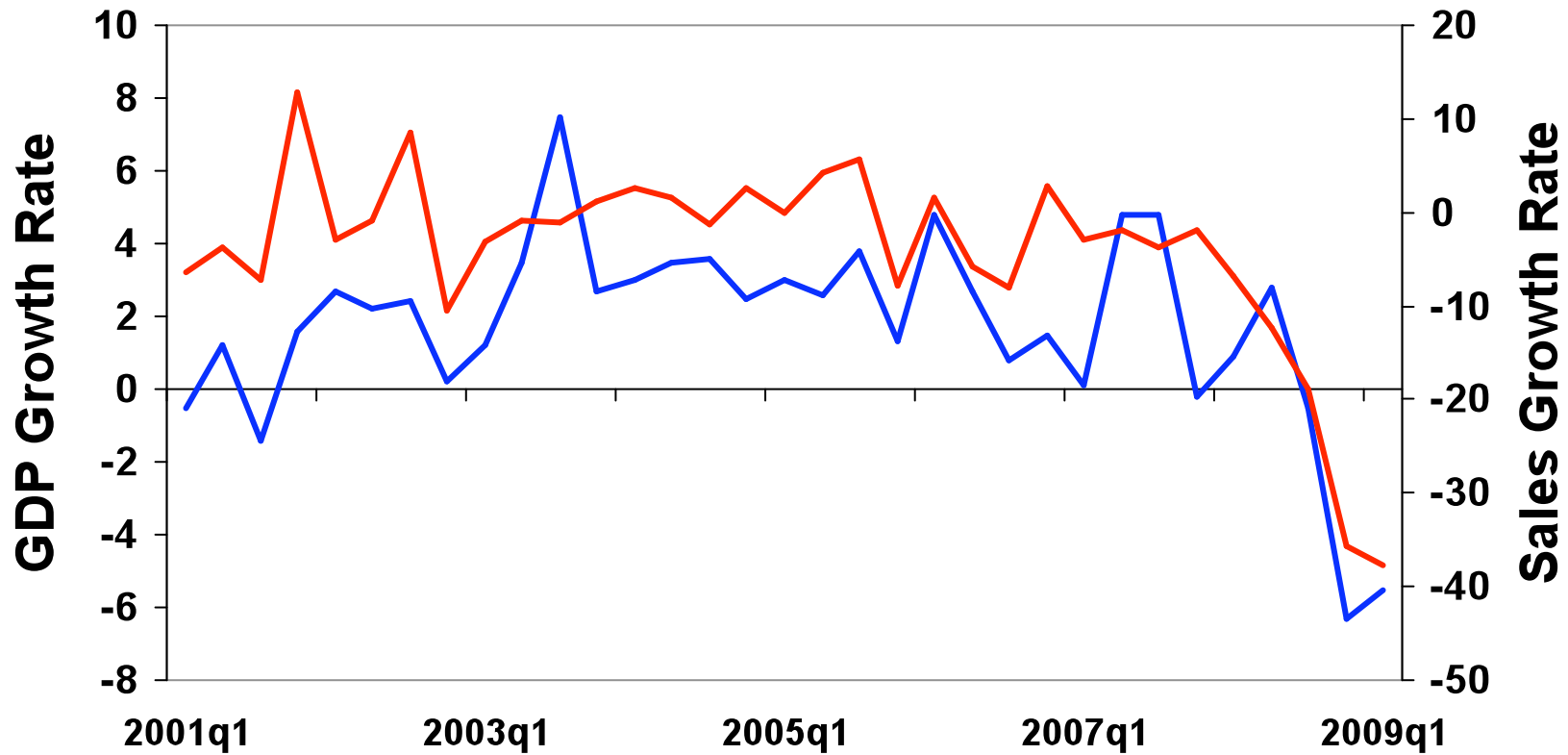
May 26 2009

CAR Forecast

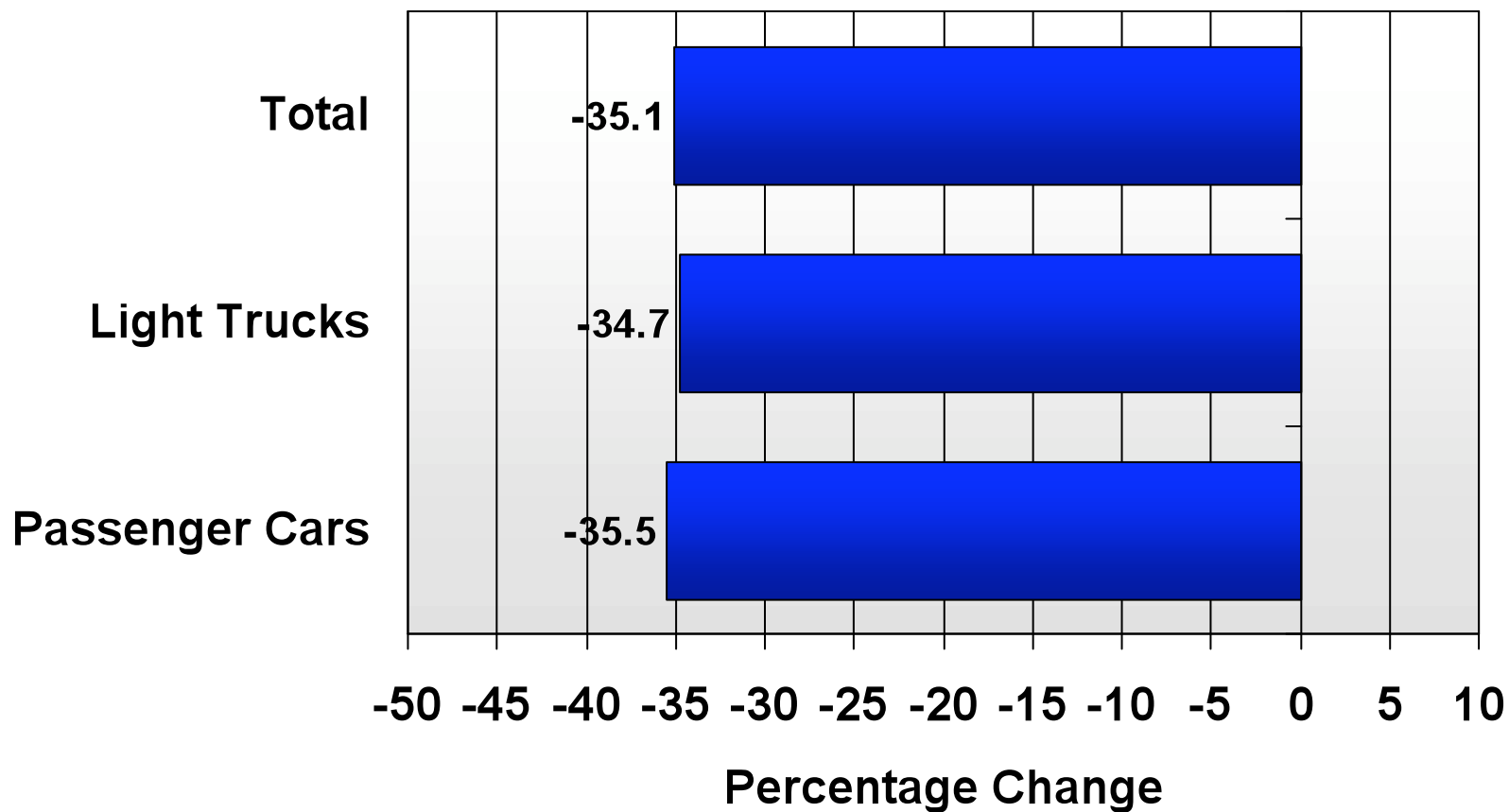
U.S. GDP Growth Rate and Light Vehicle Sales Growth Rate 1Q 01' thru 2Q 09'

YOY % Change

— GDP — Sales

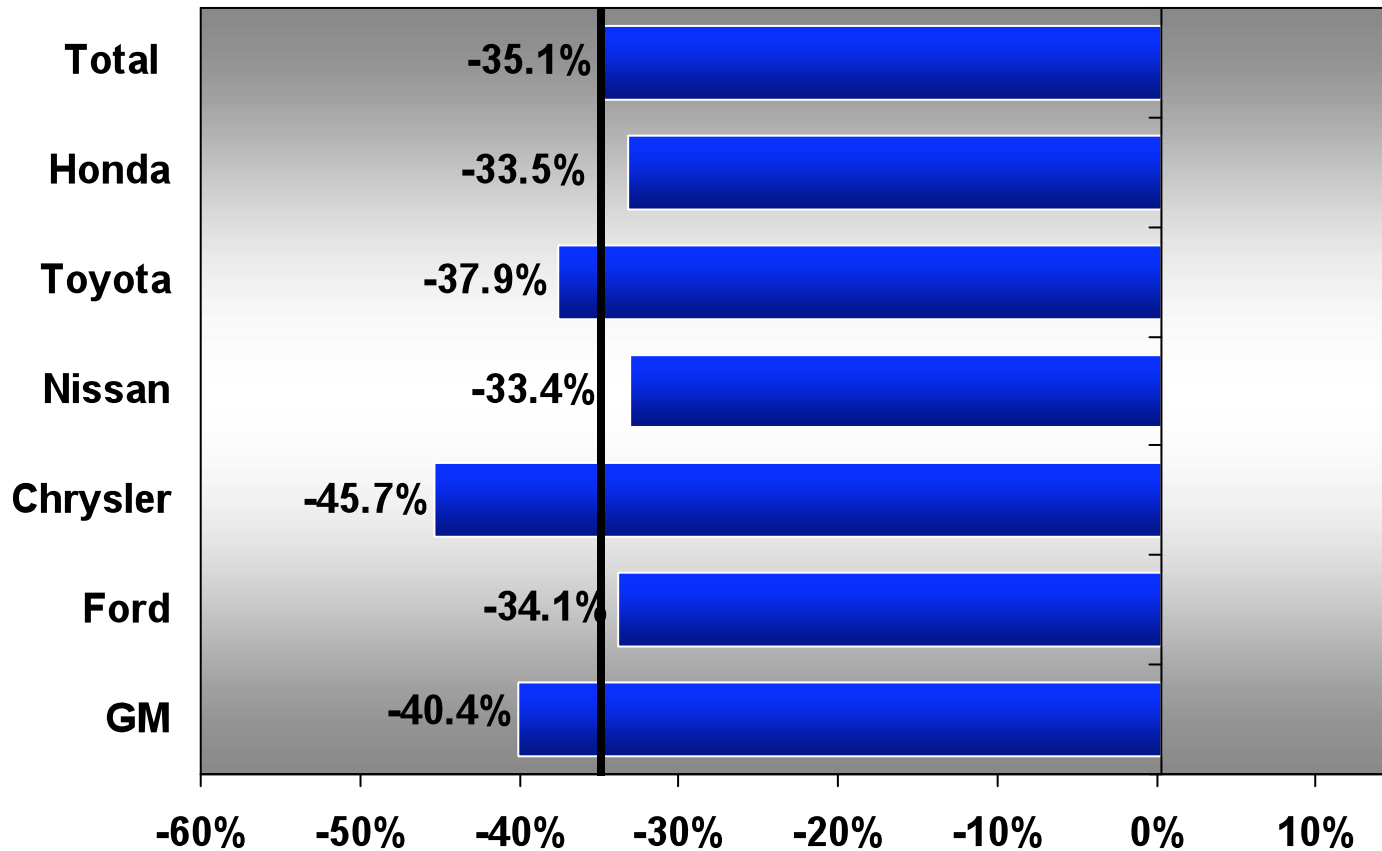


Segment Breakdown - U.S. LV Sales YOY % Change YTD Through June: 2009 vs. 2008



Source: Automotive News

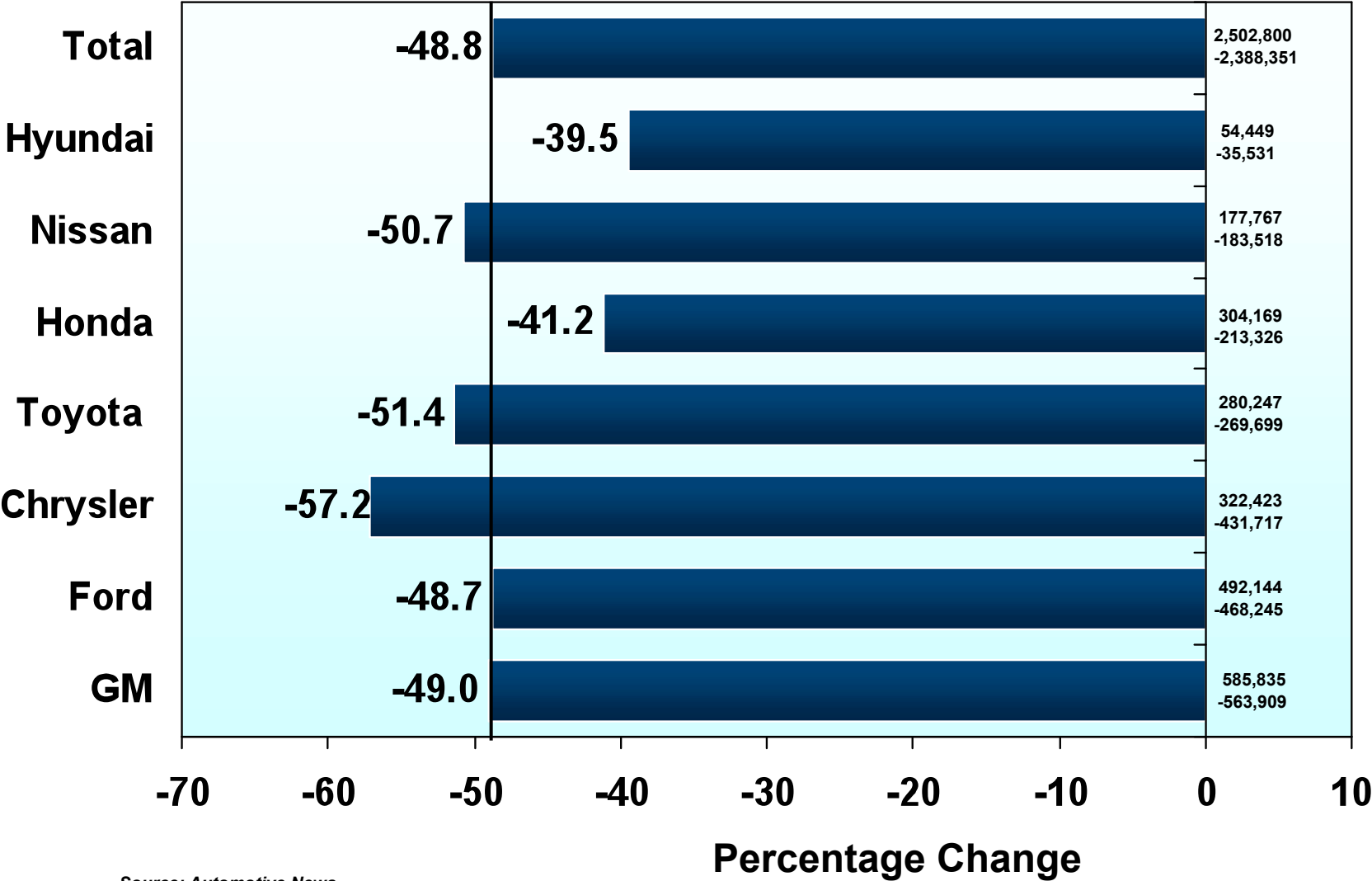
Percentage Change in Sales of Light Vehicles Per OEM: YTD Through June 2009 vs. 2008



Source: Automotive News

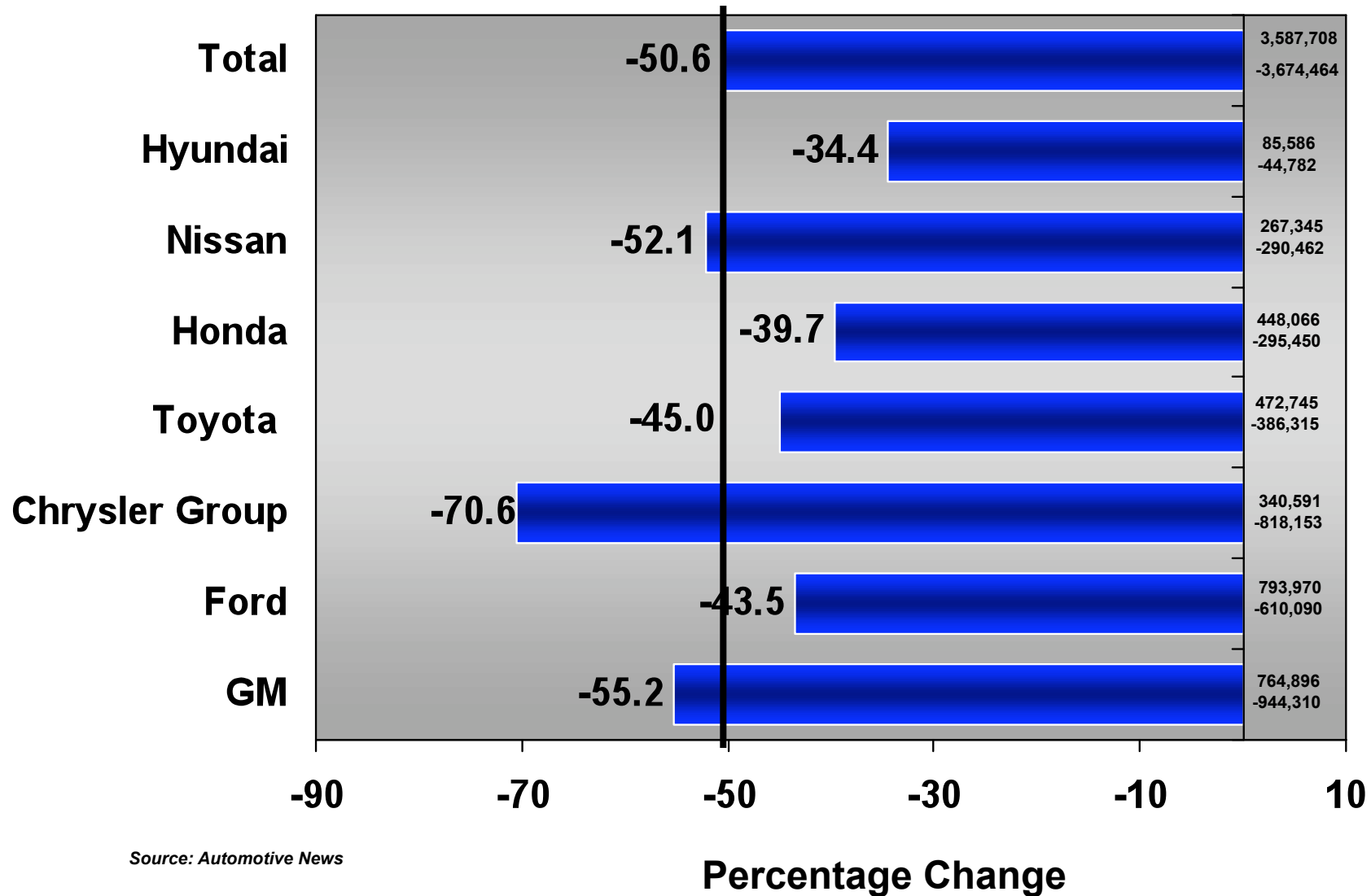
N.A. Light Vehicle Production Percent Change

YTD Through April: 2009 vs. 2008



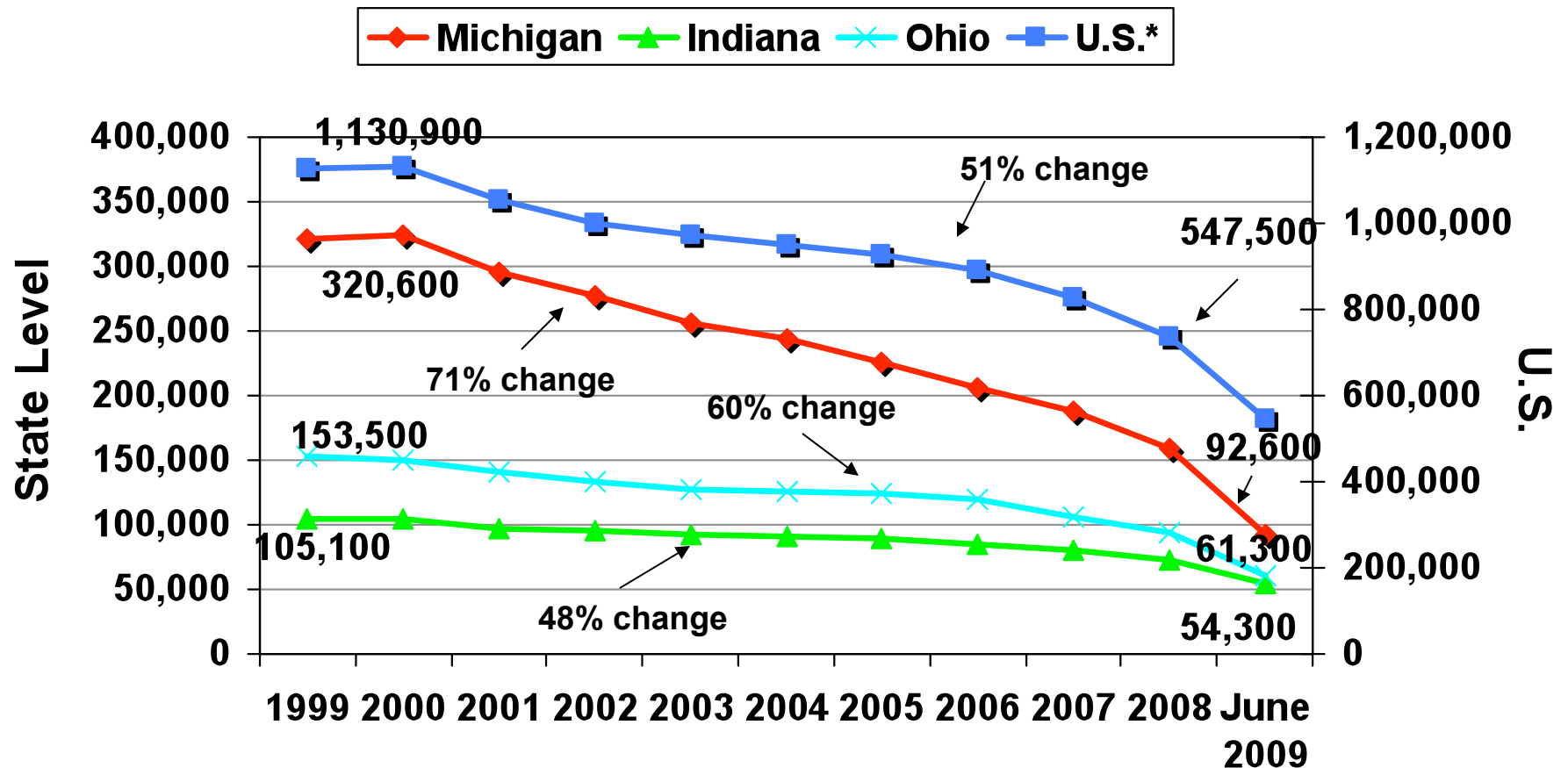
Source: Automotive News

N.A. Light Vehicle Production Percent Change YTD Through June: 2009 vs. 2008



The Darkest Part of the Tunnel...

Motor Vehicle & Parts Manufacturing Employment 1999 – June 2009

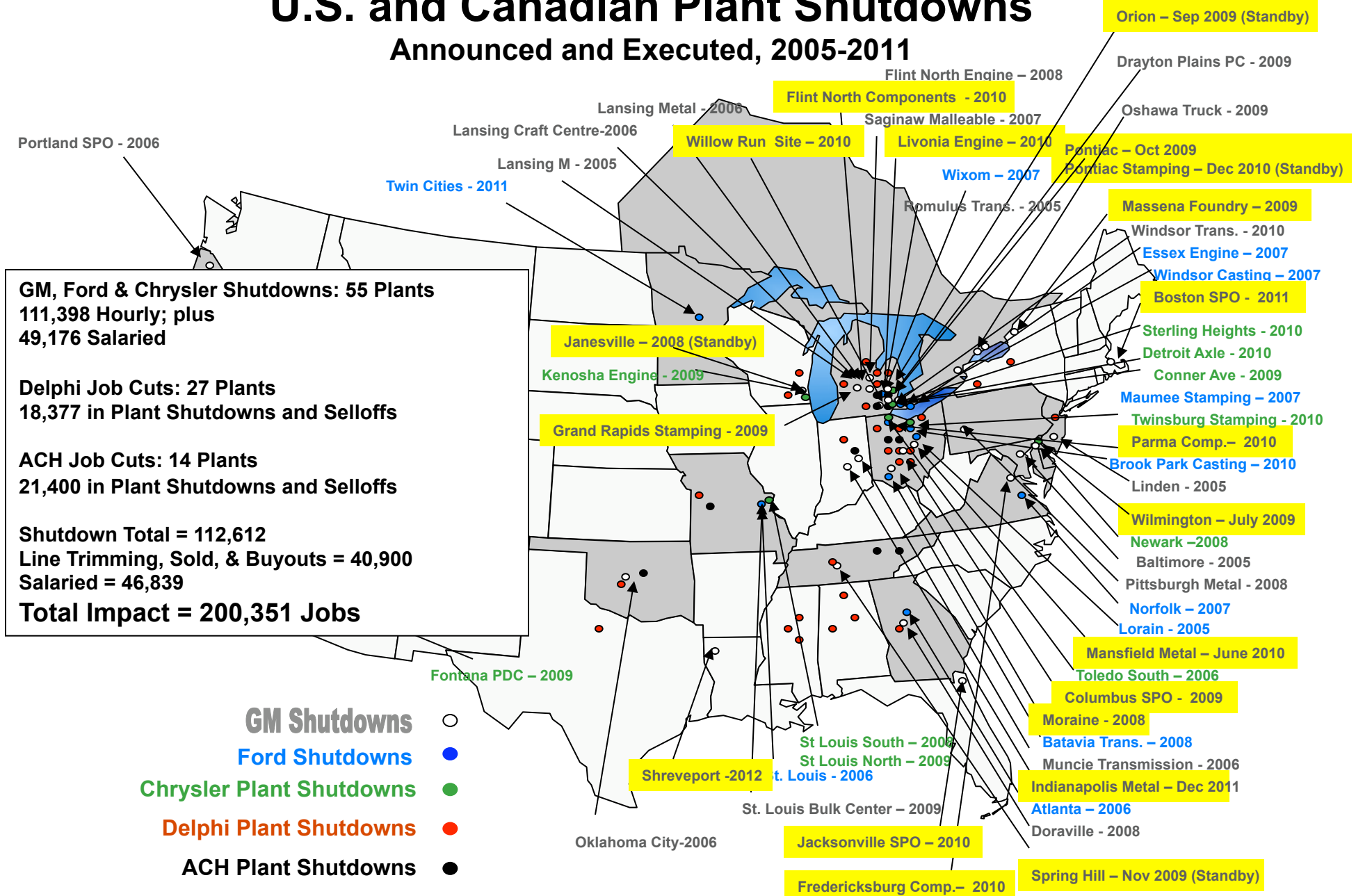


Source: BLS, U.S. DOL, April 2009

*U.S. through May 2009

GM, Ford, Chrysler, Delphi & ACH U.S. and Canadian Plant Shutdowns

Announced and Executed, 2005-2011



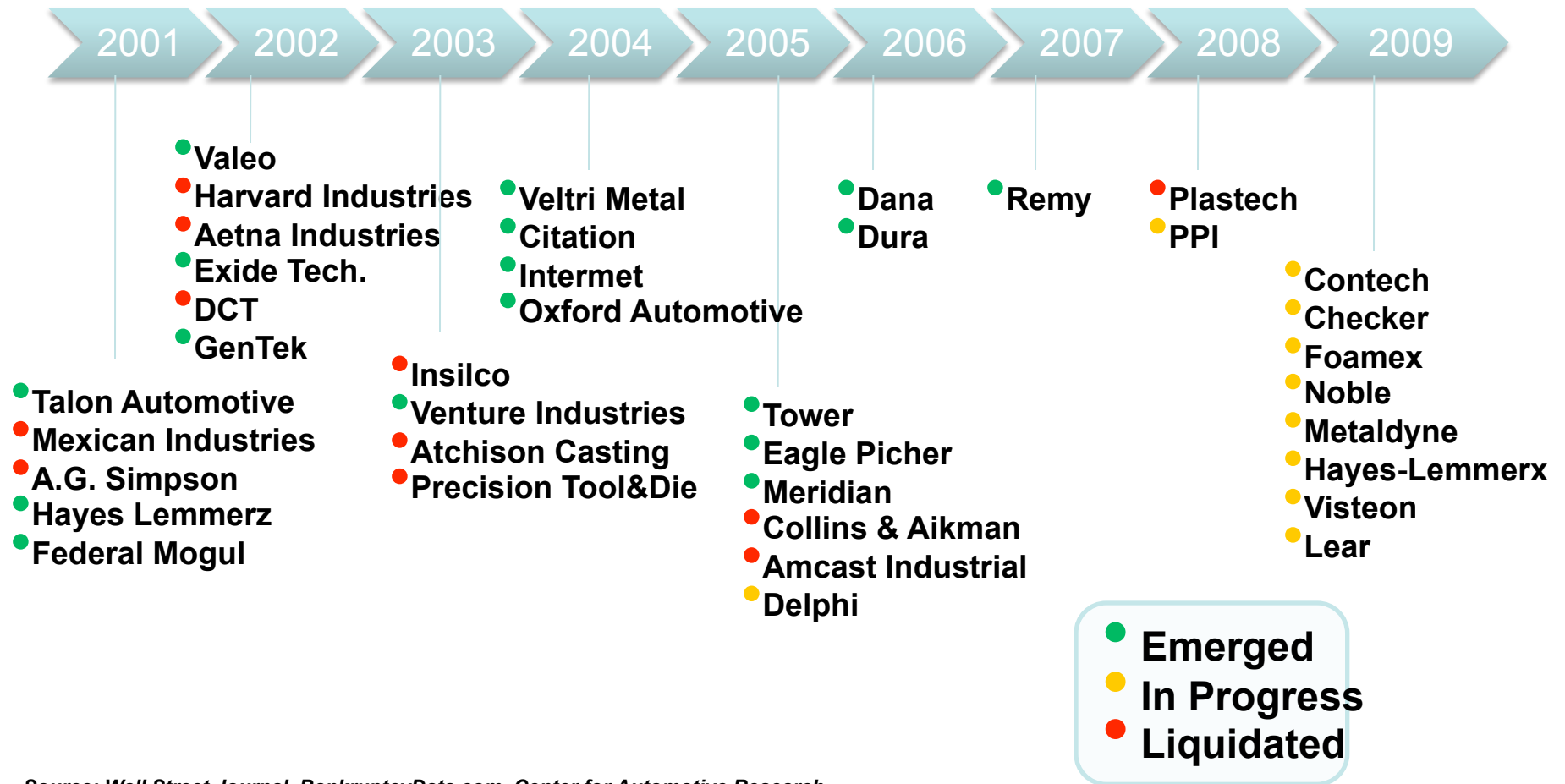
More Shutdowns and Employment Reductions

- Announced 12 to close, 4 put on “Standby” idle at GM – Assembly, Stamping, Powertrain (some already idle, e.g. Janesville Assembly) by 2010
- 8 at Chrysler (2 already idle)
- Thousands of dealer franchises to be closed 2,400 at GM eventually and 1,300 now, and 786 at Chrysler right away.
- Pontiac and Saturn gone at end of year.
- GM to cut 21,000 U.S. hourly jobs by 2011, and Chrysler about 3,500.
- Chrysler Global Employment: 54,055 End of 2008, 49,667 as of July 1, 2009. Employment already down 8.7% in 2009. Most cuts in US.
- Ford may slow its restructuring or . . .



Help! Bankruptcy!

Major Supplier Bankruptcies



Source: Wall Street Journal, BankruptcyData.com, Center for Automotive Research

* The latest filing is listed in multiple bankruptcy cases.

Why Did GM and Chrysler Go Bankrupt?

- No end in sight of the auto sales slump
- N.A. Revenues down by 50%
- GM \$74B in debt - \$174B in liabilities
- Not enough cash to operate (gone on 1/1/09)
- Couldn't reduce dealers outside of court (-3,000+)
- UAW wouldn't deal without court threat (21 plant shutdowns)
- Government said they had to . . . (to get money)
- Taxpayers funding the deal (only source of DIP)
- Bondholders and stockholders were wiped out
- They will be smaller . . . “Bottom-Up” crash for suppliers is possible

Chrysler Post Bankruptcy Will be Tough



- U.S. Government was only bidder and DIP financier – sells to Fiat (20% - 35% - 49%), UAW VEBA (68%), U.S. Govt. (10%), and Canadian Govt. (2%). 4,3,1, and 1 BOD seats. But Fiat controls.
- Over \$12.9B Of U.S./Canadian Govt. Support during and after bankruptcy. Fiat promises one U.S. and 1 Canadian plant ---- and 1 Mexican. 6 cars?
- 789 cancelled dealers will close. Eight manufacturing plants, 3,500 more workers to be bought out.
However, no new Fiat models for up to two years – can Chrysler Group survive? U.S. market share could fall to 5%.
- Fiat will sell Chrysler product (Jeeps) in Europe and Latin America and maybe China

GM Company has many new advantages



- 2,600 storefronts to close . . . (1,100 now, 1,000 to come and 500 Saturn/Saab/Hummer), 14 US plants to close or be idled, 21,000 hourly jobs, 6,000 more salaried job cuts in U.S.
- \$74.4B in debt to be reduced to \$17B: \$6.7B to US Treasury, \$1.3B to Can. Govt., \$2.5B to UAW-VEBA, and \$6.8B of “other” debt. Also, \$9B of preferred stock to governments and UAW-VEBA.
- Governments get 72.5% (60.8% U.S.), UAW 17.5%, and bondholders 10% (eventually 25%) of new equity. Plus warrants. Government may deal more with bondholders with assistance of judge in bankruptcy. Secured creditors (\$6B) are fully re-paid.
- GM will remain a private firm for 12-18 months.
- Four core brands in North America: Chevrolet, Cadillac, Buick, and GMC. GM says that market share will vary between 18.4 to 18.9% beyond 2009. May actually fall to 15%
- **Government funding supporting bankruptcy and beyond is \$33.0B. Funding must be adequate or supplier sector will crash. GMAC must fund dealer floor-plans or fire sales by dealers and banks. Dealer consolidation delayed thru end of 2010. GM should have cash pile of \$15 B by January.**
- International operations outside of Europe are supposed to be unaffected.
- Reduction in fixed costs in N.A. of \$3,000 per unit thru 2011, then \$5,000 per unit thereafter. Breakeven now of 11.5 mil. U.S. SAAR.
- Must increase revenue per unit by \$2-4,000.



New GM Capital Structure

- Critical to GM's reinvention is a significantly healthier balance sheet
 - On March 31, 2009, GM reported consolidated debt of \$54.4 billion along with approximately a \$20 billion UAW VEBA obligation.
- Other than \$8B of debt, all other amounts owed to UST and Canadian and Ontario governments will be exchanged for common and preferred equity

<i>(\$ Billions)</i>	Debt	9% Perp. Pref. Equity	Common Stock	<u>Memo:</u> Warrants
U.S. Treasury	\$ 6.7	\$ 2.1	60.8%	
Canadian & Ontario Governments	1.3	0.4	11.7%	
New VEBA	2.5	6.5	17.5%	2.5%
Unsecured Bondholders, Other Creditors	-	-	10.0%	15.0%
Other Debt	~ 6.8	n/a	n/a	
Total	~\$17.3	\$9.0	100%	17.5%

Viability After Reorganization

Overall economic conditions

Functioning financial sector providing credit to automakers, suppliers and consumers

Stability in the supplier sector

Speed at which companies are able to bring new product plans to market

Final response of consumers to Chrysler and General Motors' use of the bankruptcy process

The Good News . . .

- GM and Chrysler still exist and have emerged from Bankruptcy – quickly
- GM will cut fixed costs by up to \$5,000 per vehicle
- GM has an adequate pipeline of new product starting next year
- The U.S. Government is committed to the long-term success of these two companies.
- The Government is re-examining its support for suppliers
- The recession can't last forever. . .

Drive One!



- **Earnings loss far lower than Toyota and Nissan in Q1**
- **Ford reduced its operating loss to \$424 Million in Q2**
- **April/May U.S. sales and market share higher than Toyota's**
- **Posted a net profit of \$2.3 Billion due to debt restructuring**
- **New labor agreement – and a match coming**
- **Sold 300 million shares to raise cash**
- **2010-2011 model launches will set a record**
- **Sales and production are rising, profitability soon?**

And the Result?



- GM and Chrysler will be much, much smaller . . .
- U.S. GM with 15-16% share, and 60,000 employment.
- U.S. Chrysler with 7-8% share and 30,000 employment.
- But Ford may be bigger with 15-17% share. And GM/Chrysler will exist for now.
- U.S./Canada industry and market will resemble Europe – many competitors with government control of market, products, and ownership.
- Government participation now apparent in other regions – should result in national champions, and the end of global competitors and competition. **Will Policy replace competition?**

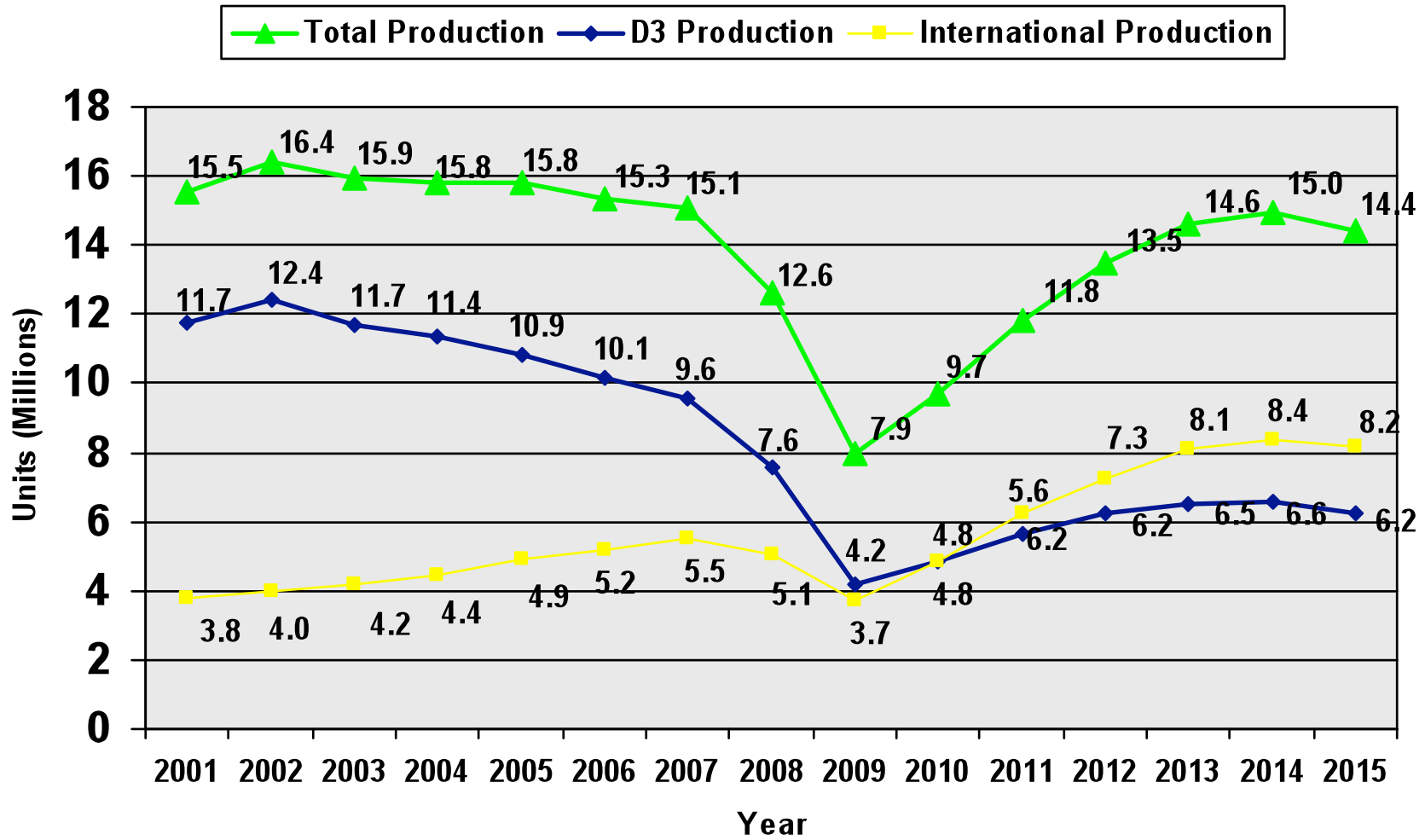
Yet, who wants to be in this market?

Well.....,

- The Germans are coming (VW)
- The Italians are coming (Fiat)
- The Indians are coming (Tata)
- The Chinese are coming (to buy Hummer and Volvo)
- The GM small car is coming (Lake Orion)
- Roger Penske is coming (to rescue Saturn)
- Many other automakers are selling or will: Hyundai/Kia, Mahindra, Opel (Magna), and many more . . .

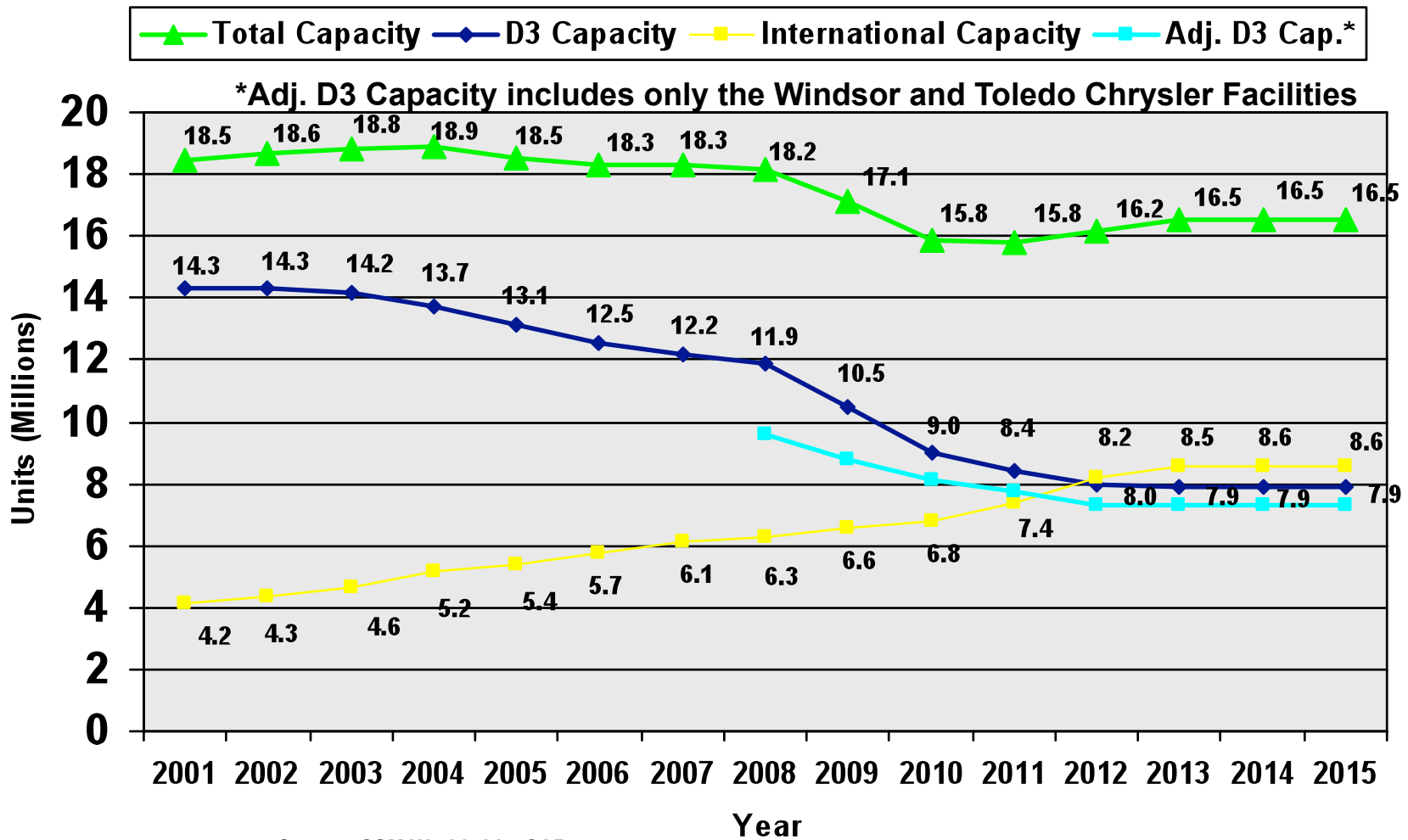


N.A. Production 2001 – 2015



Source: CSM Worldwide, CAR

N.A. Production Capacity 2001 – 2015



Source: CSM Worldwide, CAR

Conclusions

- U.S. market will mostly recover
- GM and Chrysler market will shrink by 1/3 to 1/2
- Ford will gain
- Toyota and Honda are solid
- Many new automakers in N. America soon
- Supplier sector still in danger



QUESTIONS??

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